

RUSSIA CAN WAGE BATTLE INDEFINITELY SAYS ENVOY

Krassin, Soviet Agent, Gives Out Startling Interview

REDS WANT PEACE

No Claims On Poland, Declares Seeker After World's Trade

BLAMES ENTENTE

Says His Government Merely Wants Chance To Do Right

Paris, July 19.—In the first installment of an interview with Krassin which La Liberté publishes this afternoon, despite its London correspondent's avowal that the Russian envoy "categorically forbade" him to publish the statement, the Soviet negotiator is quoted as declaring that Russia can continue the present war against Poland and White armies for years to come. It need be, although the Soviet Government desires peace above all things.

HINDERS PROGRESS

"We continue to want peace because the continuance of war hinders our economic rebirth," Krassin said. "We can with our present resources continue the war for years without being defeated. But that will mean on our part a series of sacrifices which we have been enduring too long. That is what the Entente does to us by launching Poland against us, for Poland is a country without munition factories, which of its own accord would not desire to fight us. But despite our privations, the Entente is obtaining entirely negative results for itself. It is reconciling with us a goodly number of our former antagonists."

NO BAD FAITH

Krassin repudiated the allegation of bad faith on the part of the Soviet Government in the peace proposal to Poland. "We have no claims against Poland," he declared. "We are delighted to see her independent. Even if we defeated her we should not think of destroying her. But under various pretexts Poland wished to continue the war. Now it is the question of Ukraine. Yet, beginning last December and up to March of the present year we proposed peace to Poland and would have been able to accept a proposition regarding the evacuation by both armies from Ukraine and for provoking a plebiscite."

DETERMINED CHARGES

Krassin denied the alleged intention of the Soviets to spread Communism propaganda abroad, saying events of the last few years have abundantly shown that the Soviet regime can maintain itself in the midst of a world abased by the capitalist system. He asserted that Soviet Russia cannot be defeated by force, as the treatment accorded the populace by Kolchak and other White leaders has resulted in bringing around an increasing number of peasants to recognize that of all possible regimes the Soviet is the one most favorable to them. A similar effect has been produced among the industrial intellectual classes, he affirmed.

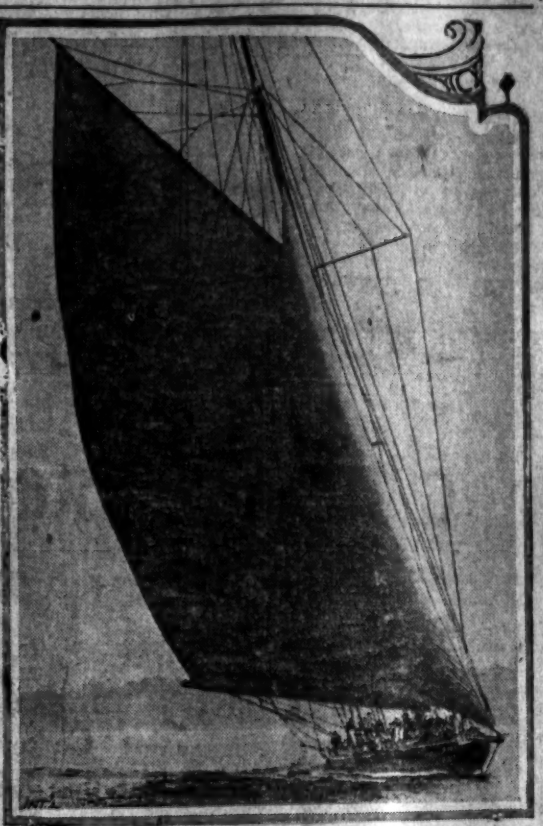
U. S. GETS READY

"Washington, July 8.—Restrictions which have heretofore stood in the way of trade and communications with Soviet Russia were today removed by action of the State Department. Such of these restrictions, however, as pertained to shipments of materials that are susceptible of immediate use for war purposes will, for the present at least, be maintained. Political recognition, present or future, of any kind, of Russian authority, exercising or claiming to exercise Governmental functions is neither granted nor implied, by this action."

ON OWN RISK

It should be emphasized more over that individuals or corporations availing themselves of the present opportunity to trade with Russia will do so on their own responsibility and at their own risk. The assistance which the United States can normally extend to its citizens who engage in trade with or travel in some foreign country whose Government is recognized by the United States cannot be looked for in this connection.

"Shamrock IV" Winner Of Second Race For Troop



(Reuter's Service)

New York, July 20.—The Shamrock won the second race today by 2 mins. 14 secs. For a time the Resolute jumped ahead of the challenger but the Shamrock regained the lead, which she retained until the finish.

Ban Put On Circulation Here Of New Anfu Bonds

Commercial Federation And Street Unions Discredit Loan Documents Being Sold At Low Price

The ban has been placed on the circulation of a new set of First Year Internal Loan Bonds. The Shanghai stock exchange, the banks and stock agents have been warned not to negotiate for them.

In a telegram to the president yesterday, the Shanghai Commercial Federation, representing 52 local organizations, and the Shanghai Street Unions, 40 strong, demanded the immediate suspension of the circulation of these bonds, which are being sold at 12 percent of the par value. It is understood that \$20,000,000 of new bonds have been issued by Peking for sale in Shanghai.

The telegram pointed out that these bonds which get into the hands of the foreigners will have to be redeemed at their face value some other day.

POPULAR DISAPPROVAL

"Great is the indignation of the people against the militant movement of the Anfu Club. It is reported that this clique is again issuing new First Year Internal Loan Bonds for \$20,000,000 for the purpose of utilizing the funds for military expenses."

"These bonds have appeared in Shanghai and the \$100 bonds are selling at \$12."

The merchants can no longer tolerate the use of their money earned by sweat and blood by the national traitors in their criminal acts, so they have authorized us to forward you this information."

COMPLICATION SEEN

"This warning is given, mainly to prevent the bonds from falling into the hands of the foreigners, who will surely cause trouble. If they are not paid in accordance with their face value."

"Beside informing the banks, the Shanghai Stock Exchange and the various stock agencies, this telegram is sent to you for your careful consideration."

The following was addressed to the Shanghai Bankers Association, the Chinese Bankers' Guild, the Shanghai Stock Exchange, and the Association of Chinese Stock Agents by the same organizations:

"The world is now aware of the traitorous acts of the Anfu Club. It

SERIOUS RIOT IN CORK; ARMORED CAR FIRES INTO SINN FEIN MOB

Irish Ex-soldiers Angered By Bayonetting Of Comrade By Uniformed Troops

LONDON ATTITUDE FIRM

Bonar Law Asserts Policy Of Government Is Yet Unchanged

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 19.—A serious riot occurred at Cork on Sunday night. A crowd of ex-soldiers, infuriated at the bayonetting of a comrade who did not answer a challenge, attacked soldiers in uniform. An armored car fired on the crowd.

It is reported that three men were killed and six seriously wounded. Sinn Fein Volunteers rescued isolated soldiers.

NO CHANGE

London, July 19.—In the House of Commons this afternoon, replying to questions, Mr. Bonar Law stated that the Government's Irish policy was unchanged, namely to restore law and order in Ireland by all means in their power and at the same time to carry out the Government of Ireland Bill.

The Government, Mr. Bonar Law said, considered in view of their powers under the Defense of the Realm regulations, that a proclamation of martial law in Ireland could not provide a satisfactory method of dealing with the present situation but the Cabinet was considering whether additional powers could be usefully secured by new legislation.

MATTER IN HAND

He added that those best able to judge thought that we were getting the troubles better in hand. He did not think it reasonable to judge in terms of murders from one week to another.

Replying to questions with regard to the murder of Colonel Smyth at the County Club, Cork, Sir James Greenwell, Chief Secretary for Ireland, declared the murder of a man, a distinguished officer, he gave an assurance that every step was being taken to track down the murderers.

Brigadier-General G. L. Palmer asked for an assurance that the Government would support General Sir Nevill Macready, Commander-in-Chief in Ireland, in any action he might take, however fearless, to put down these infamous events and that the Dyer incident would not be repeated in Ireland.

OFFERS SUPPORT

The Chief Secretary said that General Sir Nevill Macready and he were consulting almost daily. The Government has never refused any of General Macready's requests. He (the Chief Secretary) would continue to support every police or military officer who was endeavoring to carry out his duties in this very critical situation.

New York, July 19.—Archbishop Mannix of Melbourne, accompanied by De Valera, met with an enthusiastic welcome at a crowded civil reception at Madison Square Gardens today.

The Archbishop's address was punctuated by applause, especially when he referred to the suggestion that he would not be permitted to land on British soil.

He said that he did not intend to land on British soil but on "the soil of the Irish Republic."

Finance Caucus Date Is Postponed

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, July 20.—The Secretariat General of the League of Nations has informed the member Governments that the meeting of the International Financial Conference, which was to take place at Brussels on July 23, has been adjourned until the end of September, in conformity with the decision reached at the Spa Conference.

The note adds that the definite date of the meeting will be fixed by the Council of the League at the session which will be held at San Sebastian on July 30.

Tokio Announces Termination Of Armistice Parley

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, July 20.—The War Office announced today that the conference of the Russo-Japanese Armistice Committee has come to an end with the acceptance of a memorandum on the questions connected with the armistice agreement, signed on July 15 by the Japanese Command and the Verkhne-Udinsk Government.

Willoughby Sees No Gain In Present China Strife

Former Legal Advisor to Peking Raps Japanese Interference; Glee Club Delights Audience

"I cannot see that any good may come out of the present struggle between the military leaders up in the North, and I can see no progress in the national development of China on account of this fight," asserted Dr. Westel W. Willoughby, former legal advisor to China, yesterday, speaking before a record audience at the dinner given in his honor by the American University Club at the Carlton Cafe.

Boys of the University of California Glee Club, who were also guests of the local club, delighted the audience with their harmonious songs and vociferous yells. They sang "Lights Out" and "Stanford Jonah." A spontaneous outburst of applause greeted them when they sat down.

Mr. Tang Shao-yi, chief southern peace delegate, and president of the local organization, acted as toastmaster. Mr. "Brick" Morse, director of the Glee Club, was the other speaker.

MORSE SPEAKS

Mr. Morse assured his hosts that he and his club had never felt so much at home as in Shanghai, especially as guests of the University Club.

College men, he said, think and live alike, and there is a remarkable spirit of fraternity amongst them. There is always a common ground upon which to stand.

Mr. Morse expressed his appreciation of the wonderful opportunity of the Glee Club to see the world and stated that there is a great deal of surprising ignorance in the world regarding the Chinese, Japanese and Philippine problems, in the United States.

WILL SPREAD WORD

Members of the Glee Club, he said, will spread a great deal of propaganda, tending to dispel this ignorance.

Mr. Morse regretted that he was unable to take his club to Peking, Thailand and other countries, but he would spread the word in China, the people up in the north will find it to possess their little warfare.

An ovation was given to Dr. Willoughby as he rose to speak after he had been introduced by Mr. Tang as "the man who knows our problem thoroughly."

A MEET OUTSIDE

After modestly styling himself as a "mere outsider," Dr. Willoughby pointed out the fact that China, as a republic, had not been given a chance in two respects.

First, foreign interference, especially Japanese intervention, which has been keeping the discord in the nation alive ever since the establishment of the Republic. This, however, Dr. Willoughby said, has one consoling feature—that is, it is arousing the people of China into increased feeling of self-determination and increased patriotism.

Every outrage committed by foreign interference increases this feeling to a larger extent, he said.

TOO MUCH POWER

Second, the lack of executive power conferred by the new form of Government. Parliament is given too much power, in the opinion of the speaker, while the President has too little.

This is natural of course, because, after a long period of despotism, people were afraid to give too much authority to the Chief Executive. The weakening of executive power is a common mistake during the transition from a monarchy to a democracy.

Coming to the present political situation, the former legal advisor stated that even the most optimistic cannot say that the outlook here is bright. He saw no benefit that could be derived from the struggle in the North today.

TWO SUGGESTIONS

To improve the national status, Dr. Willoughby offered two suggestions: the subordination of the military under the civil administration, and the preservation of the nation against foreign oppression.

The military power assumed by the leaders must be broken he said, and the Japanese yoke must be overthrown.

While prospects of the government are gloomy, Dr. Willoughby entertains great hope for the people of China. Recent developments, especially, are making a profound impression.

The development of public opinion; the interest in the public discussion of government affairs; the increased interest in education; and the development of the press are some of the things Dr. Willoughby mentioned as signs of progress and enlightenment.

He paid a high tribute to the Chinese people and their leaders.

Geddes Defends British Increase Of R. R. Rates

Former Legal Advisor to Peking Raps Japanese Interference; Glee Club Delights Audience



(Reuter's Service)

London, July 19.—In the House of Commons today, replying to questions with regard to the forthcoming 33.13 percent increase in railway fares, the proposed imposition of which during the holiday season has created great public indignation, Sir Eric Geddes, Minister of Transport, defended the increase, chiefly on the ground of the increased wages of railwaymen and the higher cost of materials.

Replying to the suggestion that the date of operation of the increase should be postponed, Mr. Bonar Law said that postponement would mean a subsidy, or that still higher fares must ultimately be charged. The Cabinet had decided that, in spite of the hardship, the increase could not be postponed beyond August 5.

Replying to a question, Mr. Bonar Law said it was the Government's policy to hand back the railways to the companies on the expiration of the current lease.

He said that the Government was not prepared to hand back the railways to the companies on the expiration of the current lease.

COMMONS TALKS OF SYRIAN MESS

British In Danger, Says Critic Of Government; Must Have Peace

(Reuter's Service)

London, July 20.—Moving the adjournment of the House of Commons last night to discuss "the immediate danger to British interests arising out of threatened hostilities in Syria," Mr. G. A. Osmund-Gore vigorously criticized the Government.

He declared that the supreme British interest in the Middle East, as elsewhere, was the restoration of peace, which alone would permit political freedom and economic prosperity.

The French ultimatum, he said, would inevitably entail the employment of further British troops and money.

FRANCE ACCEPTS

Mr. Bonar Law, replying, pointed out that France had accepted the Syrian mandate at San Remo, the Emir Faisal consenting. French troops had been massacred and other outrages had been committed.

Interference on the part of the House of Commons would be equivalent to interference by the French Chamber with our action against the lawless Arabs in Mesopotamia.

France, Mr. Bonar Law declared, had not violated her mandate of Syria. Great Britain meant to hear her promise to the Arabs, and France in reply to our questions had declared that there was no intention of a permanent military occupation after the mandate had been accepted and order had been restored. That, concluded Mr. Bonar Law, was our own policy in Mesopotamia.

Lord Robert Cecil and others expressed the opinion that the Government's reply would do a great deal to allay existing anxiety.

Bolshevik Army In New Advance

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, July 19.—According to a Teheran telegram, following on the refusal of the Armenian Government to obey the ultimatum of the Moscow Government, the eleventh Bolshevik army is advancing, has occupied Karabagh and is continuing its march towards Zangazour.

ITALY SAYS NEVER MADE ARMS SALES TO FACTIONS

Tsao Kun's Statement Tells Willingness To Stop War

SENDS MESSAGE

Anfu Club Is Scored In Notice That War Must Last

HITS JAPANESE

Asserts Tokio Broke Pledge When Troops Were Moved

News From Peking Is Again Cut Off

Communications from Peking and from Tientsin, save by the land wires of the Chinese telegraph company, were wholly interrupted last night when the Great Northern company's line from Chetoo to Shanghai went out of commission. It was known that the Chinese wires were more or less blocked, besides being impeded, so far as news messages were concerned, by the censorship imposed since the beginning of warfare.

Peking, July 15.—Relative to the statements that the Italian Government has been supplying certain of the combatants with arms, His Excellency Count Tornielli has issued the following statement:

"View of the comments recently made in the daily papers regarding the delivery of arms and ammunition by the Italians and of the doubt which, in spite of official and semi-official statements made by the Italian Minister, appears still to exist on certain points, His Italian Majesty's Legation deems it opportune to make the following statements:

THE ITALIAN VERSION

1.—Not a single cartridge, nor a single aeroplane bomb, nor a single field gun, no arms nor ammunition, in fact nothing beyond what was stated in the Italian Minister's letter to His Excellency the Doyen of the Diplomatic Body (two trench mortars and 400 shells for the same) have been handed over by the Italians. If 6,000,000 rounds of ammunition more or less have been handed over these were certainly not delivered by Italians.

2.—The custody of the arms and ammunition, pending the execution of the pre-existing contracts, was entrusted to the detachments of the Italian Navy stationed in the Province of Chihli, who had instructions to ensure their safe storage in Peking and elsewhere, and their safe delivery only to the actual purchasers. An order was given by a responsible person who, however, had not obtained the previous consent of the Italian Minister, and arms were handed over by the Navy as a matter of course.

3.—All necessary measures have been taken to prevent in future the delivery of arms and ammunition in however small quantities without the consent of His Majesty's Minister, and the persons responsible will be duly denounced to His Majesty's Government.

4.—The Italian nation has no reason nor any desire to interfere or to stir up civil war in China, and His Majesty's Minister is the first one to condemn any attempt to infringe on this principle of strict neutrality for the sake of financial gain or ephemeral commercial advantages."

Tsao Kun, Military Governor of Chihli, attacks both Japanese and Italians, alleging intervention in the present controversy in the north, in a lengthy communication he has addressed to the doyen of the Diplomatic Corps at Peking.

In his communication the chief-doyen of the Chihli faction says he will be grateful if the "official representatives of the friendly powers will see to it that these unfriendly activities on the part of their nationals will cease as otherwise they may lead to grave international complications."

The full text of the message is given as follows:

Excellency—I take liberty to

address to the Diplomatic Body through you this communication with a request that you would kindly bring it to the attention of all the Ministers.

The civil war in China during the past years has brought to the people endless sufferings and has caused a deadlock to commerce which is felt by both the foreign and native merchants. No resident in China feels free to promote legitimate business as long as this state of affairs continues. The noble attempts made by Your Excellencies in the past in trying to make the Government see the danger of prolonging the civil war have won the respect of the Chinese people and they have all been hoping that an understanding will be reached between the North and the South so that they may again enjoy peace and prosperity. The Peace Conference in Shanghai was the result of your friendly representations.

The Anfu Club, promoted by Tash-Chi-jai and Hsu Shu-tang has been the main agent in preventing the North and South from coming to a friendly understanding. The members of that Club have recklessly borrowed money from a foreign country and with that money they have been trying to build up a Military Autocracy in China. They have done all that they could to prevent the Civil War and the Government has been helpless in face of their intrigues. As a public servant of China I have been doing my best to bring the North and South together. I have already secured the co-operation of the provinces of Manchuria, Honan, Hupeh, Kiangsi, Kiangnan, Shanai, Kwangtung, Kwangsi, Szechuen and Hunan to act together in this matter. Having heard what I have done the Anfu Club members are now putting up a desperate fight in order to frustrate my plans. They seized the documents before they reached the President and have now placed the President absolutely at their mercy. The President has lost his freedom and is now virtually a prisoner in his office. All these actions are contrary to the wishes of Your Excellencies for a united and peaceful China. They are now going so far as to send out troops against me trying to make me bow down to them by force of arms. I hope Your Excellencies will not consider all this a simple case of internal politics which does not concern the diplomatic interests. I am going to set forth in the following paragraphs a few facts which will tend to show why the Diplomatic Body is involved. I sincerely beg that Your Excellencies will take prompt steps in dealing with the matter before things have developed too far.

The War Participation Army organized a few years ago was for the sole purpose of taking part in the war against the Central Powers in Europe. The Army was organized with money borrowed from Japan and was trained by Japanese instructors. But as a result of protests by the Southern Provinces the name was changed into the Frontier Defense Army. The Japanese Government at that time made a statement to the effect that this Army maintained by Japanese money was only to be used for China's defensive purposes and that under no circumstances would it be allowed to be used in civil war. Now several divisions of that Army have been sent to Changshing against me, which action is an open violation of the pledge made by Japan at that time. I sincerely request that the Diplomatic Body will take steps to put a stop to this.

I understood that some time ago the different friendly nations arrived at an understanding not to supply arms and ammunition for use in China until the entire country becomes united and peaceful, their object being not to assist in prolonging the internal strife which is disastrous to the best interests of the people. I am surprised, however, to learn that the Japanese and Italians are not only supplying arms and ammunition to the troops of the Anfu party but their nationals have also been working in the military operations. Knowing the sincere desire of all the friendly nations to promote the interests of the Chinese people, I feel it my duty to inform you of the following reports:

July 7. In the night, two field guns were sent from the Italian Legation in Shanghai, where Marshal Tuan's troops are stationed.

July 8. A train-load of 6,000-8,000 rounds of ammunition from Shanghai was sold by Italians to the troops of the Ministry of Communications arrived at Nan-yang.

July 8. In the afternoon, 180 shells for big guns, also sent by Italians, were received at Nan-yang, and it is understood that 200 more will be sent thither in a day or two.

During these few days several Italian aviators are taking active part in directing the aviation operations.

There are many Japanese officers in the Frontier Defense forces.

On July 8, the Anfu party with the assistance of Italian, Russian, Polish, secured a loan from the Japanese merchants of \$1,000,000 and it is reported that certain German property in Tientsin has been used as security. Japanese merchants have assured the Anfu party that they will supply more funds whenever needed.

Wang Tuo-lung, secretary to General Ni Shih-chung, Military Governor of Anhui, called upon the Japanese Commander at

Tientsin last week. Inquiring for his attitude towards the present situation, the Commander replied that he had 1,500 soldiers ready in North China. The minute the Anfu party shows sign of collapse, and Peking is in danger of disturbance, he can send 5,000 from Port Arthur to the Chinese Capital to maintain order at a short notice. Nominally these Japanese soldiers are to be sent to Peking in the event of trouble to accord protection to the Japanese and other foreigners, but in reality they are to help the Anfuists. If the report is true, the Japanese Commander's conversation can be construed as indicating the Anfu people to create disturbance in the event of a defeat, in order to give a pretext to Japan for interfering in Chinese politics.

I shall be grateful if the official representatives of the friendly Powers will see to it that these unfriendly activities or the part of their nationals will cease as otherwise they may lead to grave international complications.

With my highest esteem, I remain, Your Excellency, Your obedient servant, Tash-Chi-jai, Military Governor of CHIH-LI.

U.S. SOLONS TO BE HERE AUG. 5

Word was received yesterday by Mr. George A. Fitch, of the U.M.C.A., that the United States Congressional party to the Orient, headed by Dr. Paul S. Reisch and Mr. Julian Arnold, will arrive in Hongkong on August 2, and is due to be in Shanghai on August 5.

The visitors expect to reach Peking by the 10th, but the elaborate preparations made here may extend their sojourn in Shanghai for a few extra days.

IT IS EASY TO SEE

that ours is the one store in Shanghai to come to for the greatest variety of delicious and pleasant Sandwich Fillings when you are looking your friends for.

A Houseboat Trip.

Just glance at these wholesome, nourishing fillings for those picnic sandwiches—"um," "um,"

Anchovy Paste
Battered Salmon
Potted Salmon
Potted Ham
Ham and Chicken
Devilled Ham
Potted Turkey
Russian Salsami Sausage
Summer Sausage
Oxford Pork Sausages
Vienna Frankfurters
Cooked Lunch Tongue

Hamburger Steak
Sandwiches
Tuna in Olive Oil
Peanut Butter
Grapelade
Apple Butter
Several kinds of Sardines
Tinned Cheese
Jams—Jellies
Too numerous to mention in detail.

ISHAININ & CO.
The Home of Delicacies
100 Szechuen Road.

FIRST in variety and quality of Food Offerings.

First Try —

Vollenhoven's Beer



And then say whether a better

PILSENER BEER

is obtainable.

Quality And Quantity At The Quaints

Dear Mutt: I saw your pal Jeff at the Lyceum Theater last night, and just take this tip from me. You cut out that rough stuff about Jeff being an insect. As a matter of fact, Jeff knows a good thing when he hears of it. He went to the Lyceum Theater last night because he knew that The Quaints were a first class show. He came away some-where near midnight more than ever convinced that The Quaints were about the best thing in the entertainment line that we have seen in Shanghai for many a long day. And say, I also saw Mr. and Mrs. Jiggs there. Mrs. Jiggs was sitting next to Baron Lappi-de-Dogaki. That was quite enough to make her happy, but as a matter of fact she was heard to remark as she left the theater that she quite forgot the Baron in the all round general excellence of a wonderful show.

Now let me tell you. Salisbury came here about five years ago. The playgoer has a short memory, but last night he or she was the exception to the rule. Before the production had come ten minutes, requests were being sent to the back of the house, and to anyone in the front of the house who knew anything, to ask Salisbury to sing "James W. M." He sang. Then he asked the audience to sing. The audience sang, and from the harmonies we heard we can prophesy that playgoer and player are now in absolute sympathy, and that the Quaints season is an assured success.

The program that Salisbury presented was not new. And let me tell you. We were all-pleased that it was old. We all wanted to hear "James W. M." again, and there was not a soul in the audience who did not want to hear the melodies and humor that the delightful company got out of "I will give you the keys of my heart." I have been giving the "once over" on every crowd that have visited the Lyceum Theater for the last ten years.

and just lately I have been called over the coals by certain folk, who will put up with any old thing, because they think I have been rather severe in my critic. My dear Mutt, these folk are mad. They don't discriminate. We get good shows, and we get bad shows, but now we have in The Quaints quite one of the very best that have ever visited us. This is stale news to any of us who have been seen the company in action.

But Mutt, old dear, let me tell you about the show. Salisbury, despite the time he has been up in the air chasing the Huns, is no wit less funny than he was heretofore. Need I say any more. Then Ernest Scovell still has a voice that can rattle the soul of the most chilly. The ladies are dotty over him. For once they show their good taste. Mrs. Jiggs has deserted the Baron for Scovell, as she left the theater that she quite forgot the Baron in the all round general excellence of a wonderful show.

All the newcomers are in the extra special expert class. Graham Doncaster both in patter and song gave the audience absolute pleasure. He had a couple of songs, one about the stoker, and the other about the sergeant major, that we could listen to every night. His voice is of a quality that is seldom heard out of the big cities and he knows how to use it.

Miss Hilda Denton is the soprano of the Quaints. Her voice is clear as a bell. Her enunciation is perfect. Her style is most appealing and she is altogether a star of the first magnitude.

Mutt, old dear, she is great. When I make my pile I'll offer her my hand, heart and wad. Mutt, I'm just dippy about her and so is

everyone else who heard her last night. Miss Ella Cameron dances her way into the very center of the heart. All her numbers twinkled, and even the footlights were not bright enough to detract from her brilliance. And then Mutt & Lady whistled to me. Well Mutt, old dear, you know what I can, and will do, when a lady even looks at me. Last night Miss Josephine Cantor whistled. And say, she whistled mighty well. Mrs. Jiggs said it was as good as the call of Prince Profiteer. Jiggs tells me he is going to ask the lady to have corned beef and cabbage at Dinty Moore's. And Mutt, old dear, she is "IT".

As a matter of fact, Mutt, anyone who does not enjoy The Quaints is a bigger insect than you are. And just as a final kick: The Quaints are the very best crowd I have seen at the Lyceum Theater since Salisbury brought the last lot of Quaints.

Yours, etc., Dobyno.

Municipal Staff Changes

Changes in the Municipal Staff given in extracts from the order books for the week ending Saturday, July 17 are as follows:

Police Force—Major K. M. Hourne, M.C., Cadet in the Police Force, is promoted to be 2nd Assistant Commissioner from July 26.

Havildar No. 326 Indar Singh, is discharged, invalided, from July 12. W. N. Webb, is confirmed in the rank of Assistant Warder from July 1.

N. Lhoff is appointed Constable on probation from July 19. Health Department—Dr. C. N. Davis, 2nd Assistant Health Officer, is appointed 1st Assistant Health Officer, from January 19, 1920.

Mr. W. P. Galvin is appointed

Inspector on probation from July 15.

Long leave on Full Pay is granted to Nurse E. A. M. Stillwell from July 15.

Electricity Department—Long leave on Full Pay is granted to Malus Foreman A. L. Biggs, from February 15, 1920.

Mr. L. J. Croucher, probationary Junior Clerk in the Distribution Department, was permitted to terminate his service on June 30.

Public Band—The name of temporary Musician P. Vasiliev is authorized to be struck out of the Municipal Staff List from May 31.

Mr. H. C. des Comedies, temporary Musician, was permitted to terminate his service on May 31.

Mr. G. Fernando is recommended, temporarily as Musician from June 1.

Educational Department—Mrs. P. R. Thomson Assistant Mistress in the Nien Chih-kuei Public School for Chinese, is permitted to terminate her service on August 31.

Mrs. G. L. Alchison is appointed, temporarily as Assistant Mistress in the Nien Chih-kuei Public School for Chinese, from September 8.

Secretary—Miss L. Joffe is appointed Stenographer and Typist in the Secretariat on probation from August 1.

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Secretary—Miss L. Joffe is appointed Stenographer and Typist in the Secretariat on probation from August 1.

Police Force—Major K. M. Hourne, M.C., Cadet in the Police Force, is promoted to be 2nd Assistant Commissioner from July 26.

Havildar No. 326 Indar Singh, is discharged, invalided, from July 12. W. N. Webb, is confirmed in the rank of Assistant Warder from July 1.

N. Lhoff is appointed Constable on probation from July 19. Health Department—Dr. C. N. Davis, 2nd Assistant Health Officer, is appointed 1st Assistant Health Officer, from January 19, 1920.

Mr. W. P. Galvin is appointed

Inspector on probation from July 15.

Long leave on Full Pay is granted to Nurse E. A. M. Stillwell from July 15.

Electricity Department—Long leave on Full Pay is granted to Malus Foreman A. L. Biggs, from February 15, 1920.

Mr. L. J. Croucher, probationary Junior Clerk in the Distribution Department, was permitted to terminate his service on June 30.

Public Band—The name of temporary Musician P. Vasiliev is authorized to be struck out of the Municipal Staff List from May 31.

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Encroachments Of Japanese In California A National Peril

(Speech of Hon. James D. Phelan,
of California, in the Senate
of the United States)

MR. PHILAN. Mr. President, a Japanese colony under the American flag is not compatible with the growth of an American State. The soil of California is being absorbed by the Japanese, and legislation, State and Federal, is now being evolved to stem the yellow tide. It is a race as well as an economic problem. I have shown this in a recent address on the Japanese demand for race equality, and I desire to continue my remarks and make particular reference to the conditions now existing in my State.

It will be asked, "Is not California a prosperous State?" Yes; but the seeds of its dissolution are being planted. It is instinctively stricken from a harvest of death.

The full disease which must destroy at length.

Grows with its growth and strengthens with its strength. To my knowledge man have gone, for instance, from Massachusetts into California rural districts, where the Japanese have acquired the best agricultural land, and have said, "We are going back to Massachusetts, because we came out here and found that while the land is fertile the character of our neighbors is forbidding and we can not bring up our children in such an environment; we are barred

from social intercourse; there is no community life." In one case a man told me he walked 3 miles in order to engage in conversation in the English language with the country storekeeper and his wife at a public crossroad. A Senator in this body told me he heard the Japanese had, like a plague, spread over the fair surface of that State, and he remained away. Where will this end?

What have the Japanese done? They have contributed largely to the cultivation of the soil. But their presence and lower standards exclude all others. I have in my hand a statement of Japanese origin, and therefore not over-estimated. It says that there is a total acreage of berries in California of 6,500, of which the Japanese cultivate 5,968 acres, or 91.8 percent; of celery the Japanese cultivate 89 percent; of asparagus the Japanese cultivate 82 percent; of seeds, 79 percent; of onions, 76 percent; of tomatoes, 68 percent; of cantaloupes, 63 percent; and so on. Think of it! I ask leave to print in the Record the remainder of the statistical table.

The Vice President. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The table referred to is as follows:

Product	Acreage by Japanese	Total acreage by all	Percent of total
Berries	5,968	6,500	91.8
Celery	5,968	6,500	91.8
Asparagus	9,927	12,000	82.7
Seeds	15,847	20,000	79.2
Onions	9,251	12,112	76.3
Tomatoes	10,616	16,000	66.3
Cantaloupes	9,581	15,000	63.8
Sugar beets	51,604	102,949	50.1
Green vegetables	17,852	75,000	23.8
Potatoes	18,830	90,475	20.8
Hops	1,260	8,000	15.7
Grapes	47,439	360,000	13.1
Beans	77,107	592,000	13
Rice	16,640	106,220	10
Cotton	18,000	179,860	10

Mr. Phelan. Mr. President, this table simply shows that the Japanese, only a few years in the land, have already taken over the cultivation of all these various and profitable products, which prior to their coming in numbers, 20 years ago, were cultivated, though perhaps not in the same abundance, by a thrifty white population—men, women, and children—living in happy homes and tilling a smiling land. We have still the production, but we have lost what is much dearer to us—the desirable population out of which American citizens can be made. California refuses submission to permit its native population to be driven off the soil. If these people want California, let them take it not stealthily, by this process of economic penetration, but let them fight for it. California unfortunately is just as much their tributary territory today under our generous laws as though they had conquered it by the power of arms.

Where does the money of production go? These people are so clever and initiative that they have their own employment agencies, their own price-fixing agencies, their own banks; and, dealing with themselves, they have become out of all proportion to their numbers an exceedingly rich community.

Under our laws they can go back to Japan, and then return to America. In Japan they make their investments and maintain their homes and preserve their loyalty. The Japanese Government, not unlike the former Government of the Kaiser looks after its nationals throughout the world, making them tributary to the home land and to the home Government, not only in matters of money, but in military and naval organization. It can call them wherever they are. They are not released from allegiance. Emperor worship—Shintoism—is their creed. In the Pacific a great empire is dawning, which, unless we are watchful, will some day dominate not only Asia but North and South America as well, for it seems to me that in the history of nations the older ones have sooner or later fallen, while the young have risen. They come up with barbaric vigor and overwhelm civilized States, which by dint of exploration, privation, and labor have won leisure and have established culture and promoted the arts and sciences. Unless we take to heart the lessons of history, we will, by our lack of vigilance, permit a foothold to be gained by these people, which will ultimately not only defeat us commercially, as they are fast doing, but militarily in the next world war. Our civilization is at stake.

The Japanese birth rate in the Territory of Hawaii and in the State of California indicates their fecundity; they are a most prolific people. In Hawaii last year the number of Japanese born was 5,029; the number of whites, 328. I read from the table of vital statistics of the California State Board of Health, twenty-fifth biennial report,

births as follows: White, 48 percent; Japanese, 23.4 percent; Mexican, 18.3 percent; Chinese, 0.1 percent; Negro, 0.1 percent. Of every 3 persons born in the rural districts in certain parts of California 1 is a Japanese. Their birth rate is 66 to the thousand, against the white birth rate of 16. Dr. Pomeroy has prepared a statement which shows that in the year 1919—or in about 90 years from now—there will, at this rate of birth, be more native Japanese in California than there will be whites.

So, Mr. President, this is a problem of the first importance, of which the people of the East have very little or no conception. The "gentlemen's agreement" of 1907 is the means by which we are able, and have been since 1907, trying to keep out the tide; but the tide has not been kept out. In 1908 there were 9,544 arrivals; in 1918 there were 11,143 arrivals, although the "gentlemen's agreement" is supposed to operate so as to exclude all except diplomats, merchants, and legitimate students—nonlaborers. This is elaborated in the Report of the Commissioner General of Immigration, 1908.

The point about the "gentlemen's agreement" is this: In the absence of an exclusion law, a measure which I have proposed and which is now pending in committee, the Japanese Emperor may any day, by revoking his agreement, open wide the door to an influx which would overwhelm our Western States. Hawaii is submerged now. The governor of the Territory of Hawaii, recently testifying before congressional committees, says that there are 120,000 Japanese in Hawaii who have come there within the last 15 years, and there are 12,000 Americans, and in less than 10 to 14 years the whites and Hawaiians will be outnumbered, and the Japanese will control the Territorial legislature and fill the municipal offices. So without striking a blow the Japanese will govern an American Territory which is supposed to be the strategic key of the Pacific, and it presents a most ridiculous—if it were not so serious—situation that we have in vast numbers the enemy in case of trouble, comfortably domiciled within the works, while the enemy is moving upon the works; and I do not know what would become of the garrison under such circumstances.

Under the league covenant there is a provision by which mandates are to be granted to nations for the government of the German possessions taken over by the league. Among those possessions are the islands of the Pacific north of the Equator, such as the Marshall and Caroline Islands, right on the path between the United States, Hawaii, and the Philippines; and should Japan, employing the great navy which she is building now with feverish strides, endeavor to come over the Pacific and reduce Guam and Hawaii and storm the gates of Seattle.

San Francisco, and Los Angeles, she would be protected on her way by having these islands under her "mandatory rights" to protect the progress of her fleet. Possession of those islands brings her 2,000 miles nearer to our shores, and the military man says that it would be an advantage which we could not, perhaps, overcome. She is now constructing a Gibraltar in the Pacific, and we are not aroused to our danger.

Japan craftily agreed with England and Italy and France to take over those islands—mandatory before the league was formed or organized, although by the terms of the treaty those islands are given to the league. She has forestalled the action of the league, and that is one of the arguments in favor of an early ratification of the treaty—that we may participate in checking these schemes of spoliation; in checking these schemes by which a great military advantage will be given to a possible enemy, which at the same time is quietly seizing our trade. I have previously shown to the Senate that the American trade in these islands has already been destroyed by Japan, whereas this trade enjoyed peaceful prosperity for 16 years under German rule. There was a real "open door" there then, and now, I am told, the door is banged in the face of the enterprising American merchants who seek to protect the trade they had established by years of business enterprise and pioneering courage. The "open door" is a policy of the United States. We want neither mandates nor possessions. What has become of the island of Yap, desired by the President for cable and radio communications to the East? We are not acquiescent, and all we ask—we have the power to insist if we desire to exert it—the privileges of trade through an open door—open for all; and if we can not get that, then it will be our duty as a first-class power, to insist upon it, and to enforce our rights. If we do not enforce our rights, we will not deserve the respect of nations. As the world is organized we are obliged to assert our rights or suffer them to be extinguished.

There is one thing to which I desire to call the attention of the Senate while discussing this question—and I am going over a much wider area than I had anticipated when I began—that the Japanese population in California is admitted by those who

have put forth propaganda, the Japanese Association of America, to be 68,982, but it aggregates now possibly well over 100,000. With 120,000 in Hawaii, and 50,000 outside of California, there is a population of Japanese under the American flag of about 240,000. I am advised by the supervisor of the census that the Japanese are avoiding enumeration, in order to keep down the appearance of numerical strength, and they are engaged in the business of concealment and law evasion all the time.

Under the administration of Senator, then governor, Johnson, in 1913, a law was passed by the California Legislature forbidding them to own land. They immediately employed counsel, and they acquired land under our corporation laws, as minority stockholders, and by long leases, extended in advance by renewals. Their children born upon the soil, under the fourteenth amendment, are ipso facto American citizens, and with the money of the adults take the land by guardians and so evade and defeat our State laws. They are acquiring land very rapidly, just in as great a proportion, I may say, as they are bringing forth children. Their vernacular press has editorials which I have read, headed "Beget! Beget! Beget!" "Acquire land now while you may; there is a danger of prohibitive laws." And so there is a drive on by which the Japanese population in California is greatly increasing and the agricultural area in their hands is being greatly enlarged.

Where will this end? The governor has been petitioned to call a special session of the legislature, and it is sincerely to be hoped that he will do so. He has been so slow, however, that the people of California, who have organized north and south in order to bring about some remedy, have proposed initiative legislation. If necessary, the people by direct legislation will cure the evil, so far as law can cure it within the jurisdiction of a State.

In the Senate of the United States there are bills introduced by me pending, not only for guarding the border—where surreptitious entry is a scandal—but for effectively restricting immigration in order that the "gentlemen's agreement" may not be our sole and only reliance. It is proposed to exclude the Japanese, just as other nationals of the Orient are excluded, by establishing a zone from which

they may not come; and then there is a constitutional amendment proposed by which the children of persons ineligible to citizenship, born upon the soil, can not become ipso facto American citizens, because as American citizens they are defeating the State laws denying Asiatics land ownership and threatening as in Hawaii to ultimately gain political power. So they will be deprived, if these measures prevail, of the privileges and immunities that spring from American citizenship, which should be a boon-prized and honored, a safeguard for the Republic not a menace, but which now, by the laxity of our system, is idly bestowed upon every person born upon the soil, no matter how unworthy, how unfit, how disloyal, how undesirable. That constitutional amendment, if it prevails, will provide that the children of aliens ineligible to citizenship shall not be citizens, although born in the United States, but Congress may, by appropriate legislation, naturalize those whom it may desire. It is flexible to that extent. It leaves the door open to individuals but accepts no accession to citizenship mass.

There is so much to this question, apart from land ownership, voting privilege, and internment, that I must exercise no little restraint to forego telling you that these aliens have taken our fishing industry from us and they have taken the commerce of the seas, and they have begun to take our manufactures.

For instance, in the silk-manufacturing districts of this country they have dismantled and taken the plants up bodily and shipped them to Japan, and there they cultivate the raw silk, and with the raw silk they will make

the finished product, and that product will compete with the mills of New Jersey and of Pennsylvania and out of employment will go thousands and thousands of mechanics and operatives; and with their cheaper labor and their initiative ability they will manufacture for us our silks and our cottons as well as our silks. Manufacturing machinery is the largest item of their imports. They are entering the mechanic trades and crafts. There is no work of which they are not capable.

I say this in order that their power and their strength may not be underrated. When, in view of these facts, you see that they have singled out the islands of the Pacific and the Pacific coast of North America as their favorite territory for settlement and colonization, you must sympathize with those who are the wardens of the Golden Gate, who raise the alarm and inform the country, living in fauced security, that there is a new rival in the western seas and a menacing power on the horizon. The development of the Pacific in the next 50 years will be, perhaps, the greatest event in the world's theater of action. What we were told, 70 years ago, by William H. Seward, has been in part realized; but we will see the realization of it more fully in the years ahead of us. Upon the shores of that ocean dwell the greatest populations of the earth. There is an ominous awakening. Shall America survive and carve those nations? Or shall the scepter pass to alien hands? Shall the American Republic go down in humiliation? Shall our children taste the bitterness of subjection?

I am very glad that our President at the Paris conference, standing with the representatives of Australia and New Zealand, stemmed these inhuman movements of the Japanese to establish a principle of race equality, under which they would have flooded this land. They would have come in freely as immigrants. They would have sought, and would have been granted, naturalization, the elective franchise, the privilege of owning land, of intermarriage, and of assuming all the rights, duties, franchises, and privileges of American citizenship, while at the same time failed to support our institutions, failed to assimilate, and, owing allegiance to an alien Emperor, become an antagonistic element, which would breed domestic trouble and ultimately war.

Our form of government rests upon the foundation of a prosperous and patriotic citizenry of assimilable people. To suffer its deterioration is to undermine democratic institutions and invite disaster.

The only question involved is one of self-preservation. Is not our country worth striving for and fighting for? Has not the white man earned the security of his home? If so, the Nation's policy should be now and always to protect its people and guard the civilization which patriots and martyrs have given us in trust for posterity.

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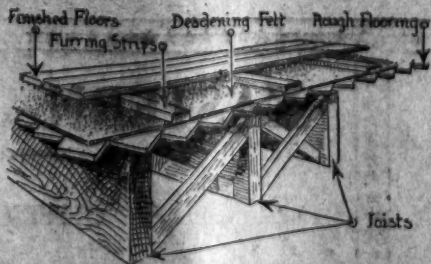
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UNION SEAMEN WIN VICTORY IN NEW YORK

New York, July 22.—The struggle of the merchants of this port to establish the open shop by operating a fleet of trucks in opposition to strikers who have tied up goods on coastwise piers took a peculiar twist yesterday when a plant controlled by the leader of the merchants bowed in submission to union men who threatened a walkout.

William Fellowes Morgan, chairman of the Citizens' Transportation Committee and President of the Merchants' Association, is also head of the Merchants' Refrigerating Company.

Eight truckloads of rice were removed by the committee, with the former service men as drivers, from the Morgan Line piers to the Old Dominion piers, now leased by the Columbus Steamship Company, for shipment to Italy. The rice was refused there. It was pointed out that the deep-sea longshoremen would decline to handle goods brought from piers affected by the strike in trucks driven by non-union men.

NEW STRIKE THREAT

The drivers returned to the Morgan Line. There the rice was turned away on the ground that it had been checked out and new insurance and a thorough rechecking would be necessary.

The Citizens' Committee directed that the rice be hauled to the refrigerating plant. The trucks were followed by an automobile containing striking longshoremen and members of the Truckmen's Union. They, in turn, were followed by a car containing policemen.

At the plant, after the trucks had been unloaded and their contents stored at the warehouse, the strikers prevailed on Thomas Ryan, business agent of the Warehouse Employees' Union, to threaten a walkout if further effort was made to unload the trucks.

Vice President Alexander Moray yielded and turned away the four remaining trucks. He explained to reporters:

"We were preparing 2,000,000 pounds of frozen beef for shipment abroad and decided it would be the lesser evil to lose the rice storage than be prevented from sending out the perishable beef."

Empress Of Japan Will Sail Friday

The Empress of Japan of the Canadian Pacific Ocean Service is due to arrive off Woosung about 4 o'clock tomorrow morning and the tender with incoming passengers and mails is expected to arrive at the Municipal Jetty about 9:30 o'clock the same day.

The tender with outbound passengers and mails will leave the jetty at 1:15 o'clock Friday afternoon.

Marines Changes

The following changes in the merchant marine service took place during the week:

China Merchants' Steam Navigation Company—Third engineer of the Kiangshin, Mr. Wm. B. P. Crawford, transferred to the Kiangyung. Indo-China Steam Navigation Company—From sick leave, Mr. R. Campbell, to third engineer of the Choyang; third engineer of the Choyang, Mr. J. Cocker, to the Wong, supernumerary third engineer of Loongwo, Mr. W. Parr, to third engineer; from waiting, Mr. G. Cameron, to third engineer of the Hangsang; third engineer of the Hangsang, Mr. S. E. McKinley, placed on reserve.

HEALTH HINTS FOR HOT WEATHER

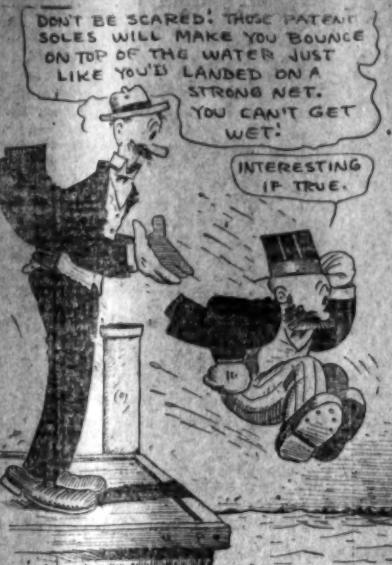
How To Sustain Your Strength.

The most important thing of the sustenance of health and strength during the hot season is to keep your blood in good condition. Prolonged heat makes the blood thin and watery, and thus throws the weakened system open to attacks of fever, diarrhoea, dysentery and other maladies. When the blood is anemic, or impoverished, nervous ailments, dyspepsia, neuralgia and headaches result, and the whole body quickly gets into an unhealthy state.

There is nothing better to build up the blood and make it rich and red than Dr. Williams' pink pills; it is for this reason that these world-famous pills are so immensely popular as a blood and nerve tonic in tropical countries throughout the equatorial East, Central and South America, and northern Australia, for example. By the aid of Dr. Williams' pink pills not only do men and women sustain their health and vigour in these lands of everlasting midsummer, but also many thousands of sufferers from maladies resulting from impure watery blood or disordered nerves have been restored by their use. Indisputable evidence proving that they have cured almost countless cases of anaemia, indigestion, rheumatism, neuritis, malaria, as well as the special ailments of women.

Obtainable from chemists and medicine vendors everywhere, Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people can also be had from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Bechoen Road, Shanghai, at one dollar fifty cents the bottle, or eight dollars for six bottles, post free. If ailing or weak now let them begin to help you without delay.

MUTT & JEFF



Five Resolutions

Five resolutions have been passed by the Tientsin British, American, French and Japanese Consular and military authorities in connection with the present political strife in China. They are:

First, to station Allied troops at the important stations along the various railway lines.

Second, to confine the activities of the Chinese forces within the areas prescribed by the protocol of 1901.

Third, to address notes of protest to the belligerents against the damage of the railway line.

Fourth, to request the Peking Ministry of Communications to prepare for quantities of railway material for repair work and to supply more cars along lines where cars have been commandeered.

Fifth, to protect all telegraph offices and maintain the telegraphic, cable and postal services, allowing both belligerents to make use of the service if necessary. In case of emergency, the Allied troops may occupy the three railway stations in Tientsin.

RUSSIA CAN WAGE BATTLE INDEFINITELY SAYS ENVOY

(Continued from Page 1)

the present case since there is no official or representative Russian authority with which this Government can maintain those relations, usually subsisting between nations.

NO RECOGNITION

Action which the United States is now taking in nowise constitutes recognition or validity of industrial or commercial concessions granted by any existing Russian authority. Americans availing themselves of the present relaxation of restrictions are warned of the risk incident to acceptance of commodities or other valuables the title of which may later be brought into question.

The situation which at present prevails relative to travel from or to Russia remains unaffected by removal of trade restrictions. Passports for Russia cannot be issued nor will any change be made in visa regulations now in force.

WON'T ACCEPT MAIL

Since it is not desirable at this time to undertake negotiations with Soviet postal authorities the Postoffice Department will be unable to accept mail from Soviet Russia. There has never been any parcel post convention between the United States and Russia and this mode of forwarding goods therefore is unavailable.

News Brevities

Dr. Willoughby, Professor of medical science at Johns Hopkins University, and advisor to the Chinese Government, is to be the principal speaker today at the weekly meeting of the Rotary Club at the Carlton Cafe.

The Municipal Gazette announces that in consideration of long and valued service in the Shanghai Volunteers Corps, and upon the recommendation of the Commandant, retired rank of Captain, with the right to wear the prescribed uniform has been conferred on Captain C. H. Godfrey, engineer staff officer, upon his resignation from the Corps which has been accepted with regret.

The annual recess of the Municipal Council has been arranged to have effect between

August 11 and September 22, it is announced in the current Municipal Gazette.

Property Assessment Notices Are Issued

Valuations placed on lots in the Central District by Messrs. Halse and Sparke as a basis for taxation are published in the current issue of the Municipal Gazette. The usual notices to lot-owners, fixing a 30-day period for protests, are being distributed.

O.V.B.

VACCINATION is the prominent feature of weakness of character. If you enjoy the privilege of being head of the export department of your firm resolve at once that if it's Musk at all it's to be WIDLER'S MUSK. Forget all the other trade names by which MUSK is known, but remember WIDLER'S MUSK, the Musk you will eventually buy. Send Chinese Postal Money Orders for \$300 to Mr. Ely Widler, Ta Tsing Lu and he will mail you a sample of one pound of WIDLER'S MUSK. Tel. Widler-Tataclap. Bentley's Code.

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Swimmers Are Shaping Up For Interport Competition

Crowd Out To See Mid-Week Contests At Rowing Club; Close Finishes Are Features

The approach of the interport competitions was doubtless a contributory factor to the exceptionally large crowd of swimmers who were in evidence at the Rowing Club mid-week gala last evening. The accommodation for spectators was also taxed to its utmost. A varied program with many close finishes was thoroughly enjoyed. The detailed results were:

One Length
(any stroke)
R. A. Berthel 2 sec.—1
J. B. Brown 3 sec.—2
A. P. Goldman 1 sec.—3
Dead heat.

Time: 13.25 sec.
H. O. Wallin was qualified to compete in this final, but he was slightly indisposed.

Long Plunge
(handicap)
R. A. Berthel 57'6"—1
R. A. Brodie 57'6"—2
A. P. Goldman 57'6"—3
Also competed—J. B. Brown, J. Krygman, H. O. Wallin and R. Witsch.

Two Lengths
(back stroke)
Heat 1
H. O. Wallin 4 sec.—1
J. B. Brown 4 sec.—2
E. Buss 4 sec.—3

Time: 1m. 1.45.
Heat 2
R. A. Berthel 2 sec.—1
J. Krygman 5 sec.—2
L. Bertie 3 sec.—3

Time: 1m. 6s.
Relay Race
Creek Side (L. Bertie, E. Buss, H. O. Wallin, R. A. Berthel and J. Krygman) won by a large margin.

Hong Doubles Championship Second Round Is Played

The following are the results of the Second round of the Shanghai Lawn Tennis Association's Hong doubles championship.

Mitsui Bussan Kaisha Limited (M. Shibayama and K. Yonezawa) defeated China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd. (R. E. L. Sheardwood and C. E. Ollerden), 6-4, 6-1.

St. John's University (W. S. A. Pott and W. P. Roberts) defeated Shanghai Stock Exchange (H. Ollerden and A. H. Hather), 6-4, 6-1.

Chartered Bank of India, A. and China (J. S. McEachran and V. M. Forrest) defeated P. and S. N. Company (C. Biron and S. V. Wilkinson), 6-1, 3-6, 6-1.

S. M. C. Electricity Department (J. Forbes Cale and C. Knight) defeated Danish and Portuguese Consuls-General (T. Raaschou and A. M. da Silva), 6-0, 6-1.

Mitsui Bussan Kaisha Limited (K. Takizawa and T. Suzuki) W. O. Reiss and Company (J. Hanbury Williams and W. C. Bowring), scratched.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited (A. Matunaga and Y. Misawa), W. O. Arnold and B. L. O'Connell, scratched.

St. B. Supreme Court and H. B. M. Consulate-General (Skinner and Turner) and A. H. George defeated Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (H. E. Muriel and W. N. Haggell), 6-3, 3-6, 6-1.

Caston, Williams and Wigmore (H. Toussaint and H. Stellingwart) defeated Jardine, Matheson and Co., Ltd. (J. Ribeiro and A. F. Gomez), 6-2, 6-3.

China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd. (E. L. Lettice and R. R. Roberts) defeated George McElin (J. Elmore and K. H. Martin), 6-1, 3-6, 6-3.

Julius Wile, Sons and Company (J. J. Rubel and P. R. Danner) defeated British-American Tobacco Company, Limited (F. C. Roberts and G. Norris), 6-2, 9-7.

Moller and Company (Shanghai) Limited (T. Hulten and G. H. Bartlett) W. O. Standard Oil Company of New York (C. W. Atkinson and J. A. Bristol), scratched.

Jardine Matheson and Company, Limited (V. D. K. Crockett and J. O. Dickie) defeated Chartered Bank of India, A. and China (J. Kortright and G. A. Wemyss), 6-2, 6-2.

British-American Tobacco Company, Limited (A. T. Hencken and H. W. Eldridge) defeated S. M. C. Electricity Department (J. C. Gieg and R. B. Haggell), 6-3, 6-3.

Mitsui Bussan Kaisha Limited (J. Tanaka and S. Nakajima) defeated Butterfield and Swire (E. F. McKay and W. E. Leckie), 6-3, 6-1.

White-Cooper, Master and Har- (M. B. B. Harris and M. B. Harris) defeated Andersen, Meyer and Co., Ltd. (E. G. Norman and H. H. Wythe), 4-6, 7-6, 9-7.

Chartered Bank of India, A. and China (M. C. Colburne and G. A. Thomson) defeated China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Band Concert

The following program will be played, weather permitting, by the band in the Public Garden today, beginning at 5.30 p.m.:
March, "Hurrah Boys" Lacalle
Overture, "Elixir and Claudia" Mercadante
Waltz, "Thou and thou" Strauss

Selection, "La Favorite" Donizetti
Song, "Somewhere a voice is calling" Tate
Selection, "Going Up" Hirsch
B. Brown 1m. 42.3-5s.

A very close race, all the way through.
A water polo match was next on the list: the Police kindly furnished a team for a match with the Rowing Club, but it being their initial effort this season, with a lot of new material not yet trained together, they proved not quite equal to the home team, for whom H. O. Wallin was a tower of strength. Mr. T. R. Macdonald officiated as referee, to everybody's satisfaction. It is stated that the Rowing Club will return the courtesy by bringing a team to play the Police at their meeting this day week, the 29th inst. at the municipal bath.

Interport Swimming
A telegram had been received from the Kobe swimmers requesting that the local naturalists experts organise a team to travel to Japan in the early days of August, and it is likely that the best Shanghai swimmers will be able to get away.

It never rains but it pours, is the saying; and now comes an invite from our old rivals, Hongkong, to send down a team to try conclusions once again with the Crown Colony. It is likely that this challenge will also be accepted: in which case swimming in Shanghai this season will have more than usual interest.

EVERY DETAIL RIGHT

Every wearer of WALK-OVERS goes his way content in the knowledge that his feet are fitted right. Comfort is not sacrificed for style, neither is style slighted for comfort. Rather quality blends with fashion's demands, thus producing a perfect-fitting, correct appearing shoe.

WALK-OVER
WEAR KEDS FOR TENNIS
WALK-OVER SHOE STORE
24 NANKING ROAD

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T. Hulten and G. H. Bartlett v. Y. D. K. Crockett and J. G. Dickie.

A. T. Hencken and H. W. Eldridge v. J. Tanaka and S. Nakajima.
M. Reader Harris and M. B. Brown v. M. C. Colburne and G. A. Thomson.

(E. R. Child and A. D. Smart), 6-0, 6-0.
THIRD ROUND
The following matches in the third round will be played today, Thursday, July 22, at various clubs.

M. Shibayama and K. Yonezawa v. W. S. A. Pott and W. P. Roberts.
J. S. McEachran and A. V. M. Forrest v. J. Forbes Cale and C. Knight.

K. Takizawa and T. Suzuki v. A. Matunaga and Y. Misawa.
Skinner, Turner and A. H. George v. H. Toussaint and H. Stellingwart.

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M. Reader Harris and M. B. Brown v. M. C. Colburne and G. A. Thomson.

The advertisement is paid by the British American Tobacco Co. (China) Ltd.

Can a Man LEARN TO LOVE the Girl He Marries?

YES! By Mildred Monfort

A man who has been "head over heels" in love with his wife at the time of his marriage has soon learned to despise her, so I am no reason why a man who is more or less indifferent at the time of his marriage couldn't learn to love his wife. It's a poor rule that won't work both ways!

A great many men marry women when their better sense warns them against such a marriage. They sometimes feel that although a woman will never be able to make them happy or hold their love long they are so very much in love at the minute that they are not willing to awake from their love dreams. They would rather go blindly on, spend a few happy weeks of blissful honeymoon and then awaken to the awful truth—too late!

The man who marries a woman when he knows she is not practical, not a good housekeeper, not economical, not the mother type of woman or not of tastes congenial to his own, is merely playing with fate. No matter how much he loves that woman he cannot expect to change her characteristics or make her take his viewpoint. If he persists in marrying such a woman he is simply inviting long years of unhappiness.

But the man who marries a woman of tastes similar to his, who is capable, sensible and all the things he expects a wife to be, will find the lesson of love not at all difficult.

How can a man help learning to love a wife who is a perfect helpmate for him? How can he keep from adoring the wife who understands him, who makes his home life a perfect heaven for him to rest in? One might as well ask how anyone can help singing on a bright Summer's day!

It doesn't matter how indifferent that man may have been on his wedding day, or how little emotion he felt as far as thrills and heart beatings were concerned, so long as he knew in his heart of hearts that he was marrying a noble, womanly woman.

The bubbles and froth of life are not what count in the long run. No man will be content to live happily with a wife who is void of common sense about the practical, vital things of life, no matter how beautiful she may be.

A woman may have the most enchanting eyes or the dearest little rosebud of a mouth, but if she does not understand her husband, read his thoughts, know what to do for him under all circumstances, she cannot hold his love. Man does not expect to live always upon kisses and soft words, gazelle eyes or golden ringlets. It would be much better to learn to love a sensible woman.

Man is more or less of a helpless

creature and he expects a tremendous amount of coddling. During the honeymoon it is he who is the more eager for spooning, for cooing and pet names, making the world a fairyland. But when he has settled down to a "staid" and muchly married creature it is woman who does the petting and the coddling and the fussing to make things bright and cheerful.

Even a wife who is much younger than her husband soon becomes the mother type to him. She diets him when he looks the wrong color, makes him wear his over-shoes in rainy weather, and generally superintends his daily life. When a man feels this womanly, motherly love going out to him isn't it perfectly natural for him to learn to love such a wife?

The Young Man's Dilemma

TO THE EDITOR:

I am about to propose to one of two girls, but I can't for the life of me decide which one I ought to ask to be my wife. It's a case of being desperately in love with one girl and knowing that the other would probably make a better wife for a man in my circumstances.

The girl I love is the most beautiful creature you can imagine, and every time I look into her heavenly eyes I feel the most indescribable thrill. But I am a poor man, and as she knows nothing at all about the practical side of life, I am very doubtful whether "love in a cottage" would bring either of us happiness. In fact, I simply can't picture this bewitching beauty in a dingy apron selling over a lot of dirty saucers.

The other girl I don't love in the least, although I hold her in the greatest respect and admiration. She is a thoroughly capable, domestic woman, and so far as making a good home is concerned she would be an ideal wife. But while I'm eating the dainties she cooks so well I'm never thinking of her, but of the little beauty who doesn't even know how to sell an egg.

What I am wondering is whether I could ever learn to love the sensible, practical girl and forget the beauty. And would it be right to marry her under these circumstances? Yours very truly,

PUZZLED.

NO! By Elizabeth Eldredge

I f a man does not love a woman at the time he marries her he never will. She may keep the best house in town, cook the best meals, say the cleverest things and be an ideal wife, but all is lost for her. Men never change. He cannot be taught to love.

We can teach him art, music and all the sciences of life, we can make an excellent business man out of him, but we cannot teach him to love a girl because she is capable, because she has a lot of gray matter or is wondrously beautiful.

Any man who leads a bride to the altar with the idea of learning to love her is going to learn not love, but the saddest lesson of his life. He is going to learn that man's love springs from the heart,

that love comes to us of its own accord and that it cannot be taught as our letters are. Love is not a case of "why." It simply is or is not!

But here is where men and women differ. Though a man can never be taught to love, a woman can. If the man she marries is kind to her and makes her happy she soon learns her lesson of love, and like the cat on the hearth, begins to purr and settle down for a long stay.

Woman can be tamed by the comforts of life. She can marry a man, and although she may not be at all madly in love with him at the time of her marriage, she will soon find a spark of love growing up in her heart.

If a young man realizes that his fiancée does not really love him as he loves her, he need not be at all alarmed, for, if he intends to make a kind, thoughtful husband he will soon gain all the love he desires. Woman can learn to love as easily as to learn a new stitch in knitting, or she can pretend to be in love if the case demands.

The little girl starts out in life by pretending she is rather to a wax doll. She pretends she is married and a society lady, and she is happy in her dreams. But who ever heard of a boy pretending to be a father and married before his time? Man is not a good pretender; it is not natural to him. And as for pretending to be in love or learning to love a wife, it would be utterly beyond his power.

Marriage is not always a success, even when both man and woman are in love. And it would, therefore, be quite useless to try to teach a man to love a woman.

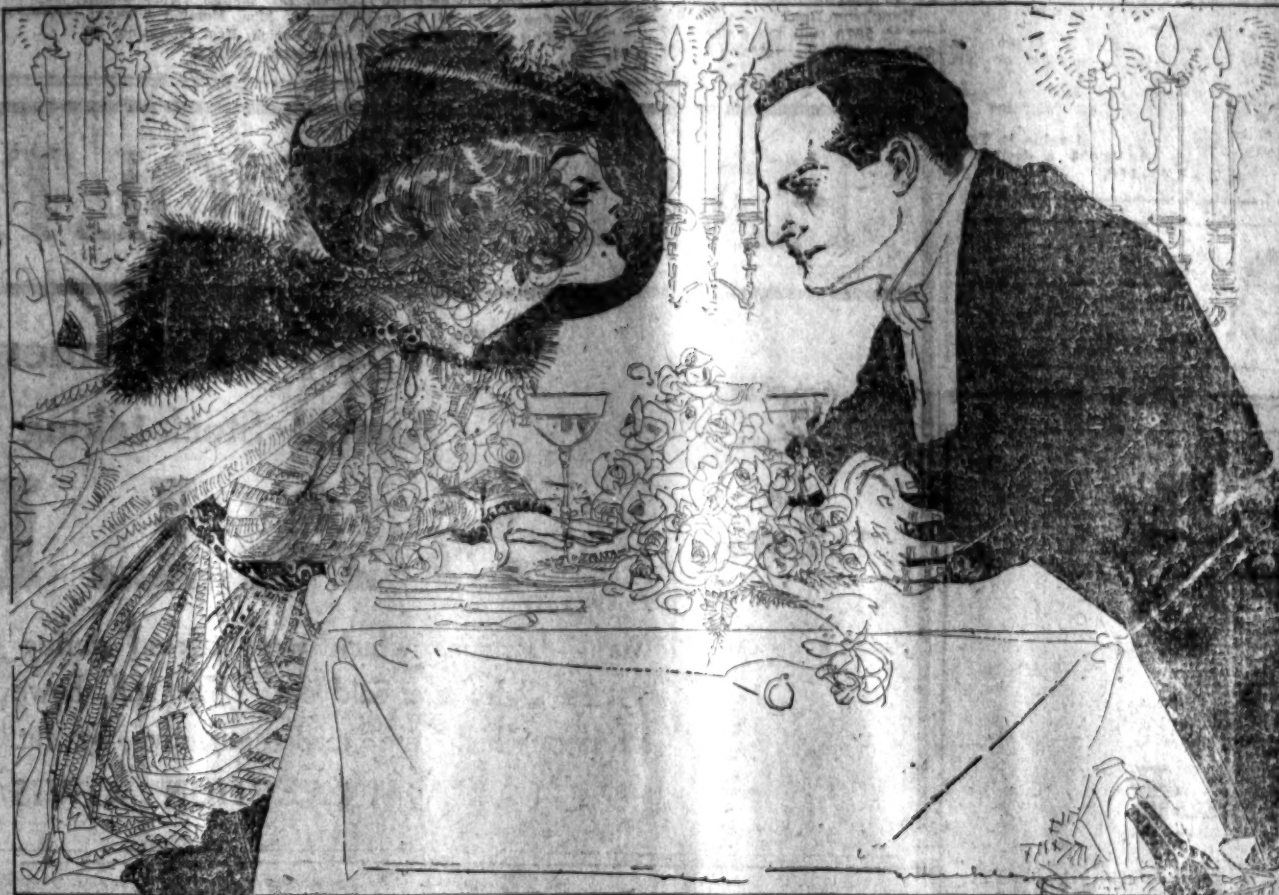
What we call practical marriages may sound very well in cold print, but in real life it is quite futile to put two hearts together which do not set each other to beating faster and expect good results.

After all, are the practical things always the best for us? The man who marries a practical, sensible woman and leaves from a house which is just so dry after day will get to be a sort of a mechanical drudge. His wife's practical ideas will never inspire him, her love can never warm him, and no matter how artistic or poetical his nature, he cannot help but follow in her safe, sane but dull workaday way.

Such a husband will never invent anything, he never will write an ode to any of nature's wonders or compose a beautiful piece of music.

When a man is in love he ought to be satisfied to take what the gods give him and ask no questions. Such a man will find true happiness. He will never regret having married the girl he loved or having her children about him.

But the man who is not satisfied with real love who wants to learn to love a substitute, is choosing a hard and stony road to travel.



"The Girl I Love Is the Most Beautiful Creature You Can Imagine, and Every Time I Look Into Her Heavenly Eyes I Feel the Most Indescribable Thrill."

WATSON'S DELICIOUS FRUIT CRYSTALS

For HOME-MADE

Lemon Squash, Orangeade, Raspberryade, Cherry Squash, Stone Ginger Beer, etc., etc.

PURE, CLEAN

economical and instantly ready for use. Put up in airtight tins, suitable for outings and specially for the interior.

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Dr. A. Wander, S.A., Berne, Switzerland.

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We make a specialty of repairing and cleaning ordinary and high-grade watches and clocks.

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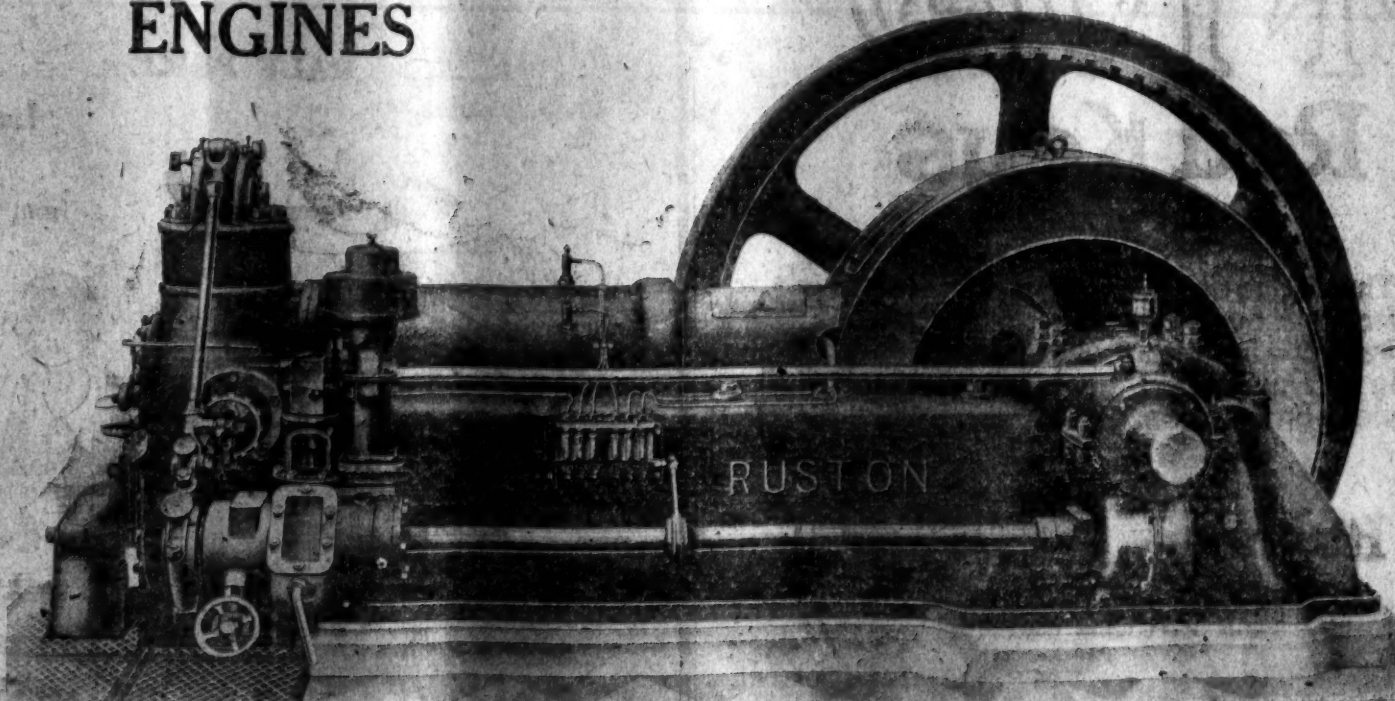
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CHANGSHU FACING RICE SHORTAGE

Granary Of Local Dealer Is Looted By Mob Angered By High Price

(China Press Correspondence)
Changshu, Kiangsu, July 15.—Trouble that had been brewing for some days because of the price of rice, reached a climax last Saturday evening when a mob gathered at the granary of Mr. Dih, the head of the local rice guild, and proceeded to plunder.

The trouble lasted until Sunday night, when his entire stock of between 100 and 200 piculs of rice and a quantity of wheat and rape had been carried off; his residence entirely destroyed; and every stick of his furniture broken to kindling.

The local guild was about to fix the price of rice at \$10.00 and Mr. Dih held out for \$10.50. The local Magistrate wanted to open a cheap rice depot and asked Mr. Dih to help. Mr. Dih agreed to manage the affair, but wanted to postpone the opening for half a month.

These two particulars made the country people angry and they started the riot.

Mr. Dih was the first citizen of Changshu to declare for the Republic nine years ago, and it is understood that the money he received for this act of patriotism lifted him from abject poverty to a position of leadership.

He has had charge of several philanthropic enterprises and has made large additions to his private funds during the days since he sided with the Republic.

His loss from Saturday and

Sunday's riot is estimated at from \$25,000.00 to \$50,000.00. Ten were arrested as leaders in the riot, six of whom are still incarcerated.

Poles Announce General Retreat

(Reuters Service)
London, July 19.—A Polish communiqué states:
We are retreating according to plan on the whole front except in the Dubno sector, where we have reoccupied Dubno and totally defeated a Bolshevik division. After bitter fighting, the enemy has occupied Lida.

Emperor Of Japan Improved In Health

(Reuters Pacific Service)
Tokio, July 20.—Baron Nakamura, the Minister of the Imperial Household, announces today that the Emperor's health has very much improved and that there is hope of a complete recovery in the near future.

Exchange Market

Messrs. Maitland, Fearon and Brand's exchange circular for week ending Wednesday, July 21, states:
Exchange.—The London price of Silver dropped to 52d. on the 19th inst., but since recovered to 52½d. which is ¼d. lower than last week's closing quotation. Forward silver is 1d. lower than Spot.

The cross rate between New York and London is down to 3.82½. Our local rate for T.T. on London followed silver to 5/1d. but today is back to last week's closing rate 5/2. There is very little exchange business passing, the market closing steady.

Local stocks of silver are reported as follows:
Sycee and Bar Silver Tls. 36,200,000 a decline of Tls. 1,745,000.
Chinese and Mexican Dollars \$20,670,000 an increase of \$430,000.
Estimated total value in Tals. Tls. 51,200,000 a decline of Tls. 1,400,000.

Hongkong Market

Messrs. Moxon and Taylor write as follows in their report dated July 16:

We have again to report a dull week, but money is inclined, if anything, to be cheaper. It is rumored that produce is beginning to move slightly, and liquidation is gradually being effected, and this of course in time will no doubt be reflected in the share market. Shanghai continues moribund, the process of digestion not being finished presumably.

London has further improved and both Hongkong Banks and Shells have advanced. The former to £123 cum dividend and the latter to £7 7s. 6d. ex dividend and rights.

The following are the chief stocks dealt in since last week:
Hongkong Banks.—Have buyers at \$670 cum the dividend of £3 just declared payable on August

1, 1920, at 2s. 8d. exchange yielding 116.36.
Docks.—Are a quiet market at \$143.

Unions.—Have come to business at \$195 and Hongkong Fire are in strong demand at \$210.
Waterboats.—Have changed hands at \$14 and China Sugar have advanced to a buying rate of \$230 with business done at this rate for cash.

Shanghai Docks.—Are a quiet market at Tls. 131.

The following companies have announced dividends:

Hongkong Land Investment Co.—Announce an interim dividend of \$3.50 per share.

Hongkong Central Estate Co.—Announce an interim dividend of \$4 per share.

West Point Building Co.—Announce an interim dividend of \$1.75 per share.

Exchange.—The demand selling rate on London is 2s. 8½d. and the T.T. selling rate on Shanghai is 71.

Passengers Departed

Per L.T. s.s. Persia for Port Said: Mr. and Mrs. Constantinides d'Amico and 2 children. Messrs. Ed. Frank, Mahmud, for Brindisi: Messrs. E. Giammarini, V. Sanso, Giovanni Casanovi, for Venice: Major G. Turilli, Capt. Del Piano, Lieta, G. Paolucci, P. Calcina, A. Bianchedi, Soldate Aviatori V. Nola, V. Papi, A. Cogliolo, M. Orlando, L. Jungnoli, A. Gornazzo, C. Ballou, F. Bianco, E. Paselli, A. Fragnasso, G. Dongo, F. Collina, Messrs. L. Balliani, Pastore; for Trieste: Prof. G. Brigida, Mr. and Mrs. Z. Sadowski, Cav. M. Parri, Messrs. T. Sorgato, L. Jonnini, Dr. B. Marky, R. Heller, Messrs. Joseph Anderlan, Anton Riffner, C. A. Bihlm, Ervin Hirsch, Leo Haupt, Teodo Biega, Tignani, Miss Mominio Tignani, Trov. Fuchel, Erm. Perantini, 55 repatriated soldiers.

"BEAR BRAND" STERILIZED



BERNESE ALPS MILK
"The Richest of all Tinned Milks Tested"

says the committee on Infant and Invalid Diet of the Medical Missionary Association of China.

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95 Seachum Road

Shanghai. Phone C. 454

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empting
Offers
for
This Week

Drapery Department
Annual Stock-taking

SALE

Tempting
Offers
for
This Week

Many Bargains which were offered during the first week of the Sale, are sold out. We still, however, have many others, which are made attractive by further reductions.

EARLY INSPECTION ADVISABLE



LADIES' SUNSHADES

at
HALF-PRICE

Ladies'
Shop-soiled
UNDERCLOTHING

HALF PRICE



Household
Linens

of quality
at
SALE PRICES

"ROYAL
WORCESTER"

Corsets

from \$2.00 per pair

Ladies'
WHITE CANVAS
SHOES

\$3.50 per pair

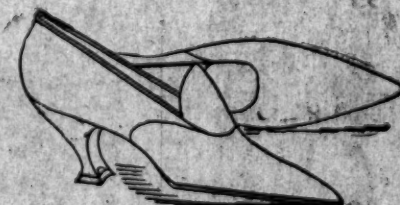
Ladies'
VOILE DRESSES
from
\$15.00 each

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from 25c per pair



Ladies'
Summer Blouses
HALF-PRICE

Ladies'
KNITTED COATS
Soiled
HALF-PRICE



CHILDREN'S DRESSES
BOYS

Zephyr Tunics
and

CHILDREN'S
UNDERCLOTHING

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The finest selection of ready-to-wear HATS ever shown by us, at considerably below COST to clear.

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A Refreshing, Healthful Beverage

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ALWAYS SATISFIES

Write us to send you a trial bag and you'll be glad you accepted the suggestion.

We have a quick motor delivery for your convenience.

Mow Sing and Foh Sing Flour Mills,

Head Office: 49, Avenue Eward VII, Shanghai.

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Brain-Fog and Mental Strain

comes frequently from lack of health-giving phosphates in the nerve cells and tissues. A teaspoonful of

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

in a glass of cool water assists to renew the overworked and depleted elements and quench the thirst, acting as a stimulant tonic and invigorator. Non-alcoholic, pleasant to take and readily assimilated.

Sold by Druggists

Standard Chemical Works, Portland, U.S.A.

Agents.

MULLER, PHIPPS & HODGES
28, Klappes Road, Shanghai.

The
Five Red Keys

The device at one motion moves the carriage instantly to any desired place on the paper.



It's the

Self-Starting

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MUSTARD & CO.

Sole Representatives for China, including Hongkong and Macao

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Business and Official Notices

The China Press

Classified Advertisements

SHANGHAI, THURSDAY, JULY 22, 1920

Special Notice To Mariners

China-East Coast. Weichow District. Tai Chau Islands. Possibility of Wrecks in Vicinity. NOTICE is hereby given that during the recent typhoon the steam-tug "Friesland," towing the dredger "Shanghai" and the steam-tug "Jan," were driven from the shelter of the Tai Chau Islands, which forced the two latter vessels being cut adrift. When last seen these two vessels were drifting to the S.E. before a wind of hurricane force. When the weather cleared the steam-tug "Friesland" searched the coast and islands in the vicinity for wreckage with no results. It is therefore presumed that these two vessels foundered at sea somewhere within the area situated between the Tai Chau Islands and a point about 35 miles to the south-eastward thereof. Vessels navigating this vicinity should do so with caution. Any information regarding these wrecks should be immediately reported. H. E. HILLMAN, Acting Coast Inspector. Coast Inspector's Office, Shanghai, 21st July, 1920.

SPECIAL NOTICE

S. S. WM. H. WEBB

An examination of broken or ship-damaged cargo per S.S. Wm. H. Webb will be held at 9:30 a.m., Friday, July 23rd, at the China Merchants' Eastern Wharf. Messrs. Elster and Reeves, Marine Surveyors, will be in attendance. THE BARBER S.S. LINES, INC. The Admiral Line, Agents.

NOTICE

The second art exhibition of PEGASUS SOCIETY is to be held at the World Students' Federation, 51 Bubbling Well Road, July 21st to July 27th, 1920 from 1 p.m. to 8 p.m. Admission Free. Critics welcome.

Commercial Night School

OPENS in September. Matriculate new. For particulars, write Box 1438, THE CHINA PRESS.

THE SHANGHAI LAND INVESTMENT CO., LTD.

SHAREHOLDERS are notified that a Dividend of Five per cent (5%) for the half-year ended June 30, 1920, has been declared, and Dividend Warrants will be issued on Thursday, the 29th day of July, 1920.

By Order of the Directors, GIBB LIVINGSTON AND CO. Agents. Shanghai, July 14, 1920.

The Oriental Hospital

Surgical and Venereal Diseases. Injections of all kinds of vaccines, serums and 1914 (1905). Tests of blood, treatment by X-ray and Diathermy. Dr. K. Watanabe, A.M., M.D. He studied medicine in Japan, America and Europe, so can speak English well. 15 NANKING ROAD (5th house from North Szechuen Road), Shanghai. Tel. North 3279.

Dr. Furstenberg M.D.

Specialist in urinary, venereal skin and internal diseases. Hours 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. 25 Avenue Edward VII. Box Building.

We have this day opened a Branch Office at Tientsin, No. 8 Taku Road.

H. C. AUGUSTESEN

CHINA TRADING COMPANY. 雅利洋行. 30998

MOW KEE & CO.

Lawn tennis balls made of material to suit this climate. Repairing and re-stringing tennis rackets at price moderate. 227 Szechuen Road (opposite Jinkee Road). 30996

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Credit National 1st Issue. Subscribers to the above Premium Bonds are requested to kindly take delivery against a receipt to be signed personally at our Bank. For the purpose of comparison and verifying the numbers clients will kindly bring with them the memorandum containing the numbers allotted to them. 31002

NOTICE

The public will please note that the office of the Connolly Land and Oil Co., is at No. 23 North Szechuen Road, and not at No. 5 Hongkong Road. All communications are to be sent to the address, No. 23 North Szechuen Road, from today. CONNOLLY LAND & OIL CO. Shanghai, July 21, 1920.

Shanghai International Swimming Club

The annual general meeting of the Club will be held at the Municipal Swimming Bath on Friday, 23rd July, 1920, at 9 p.m. J. H. MCGREGOR, Hon. Sec. and Treasurer. 30983

NOTICE

OWING to great increase in the cost of flour, we are reluctantly compelled to raise the price of Bread from the 16th instant, when the price will be twelve pounds for one dollar.



12 lbs. \$1 12 lbs.

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14 Nanking Road. Telephone 44.

EXPERIENCED American graduate Chinese lady nurse, R.N. New York, will take private cases in general and obstetrical nursing. Quite at home with English language. For terms, please apply to Box 1341, THE CHINA PRESS.

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 11

JUST ARRIVED

Buchanan's ROYAL HOUSEHOLD Scotch Whisky. Far superior to Ordinary Whiskies. Meux's ORIGINAL LONDON STOUT. Pints & Spills. Heidsieck & Co's. (Reims) MONOPOLE CHAMPAGNE (Red Top). We have the finest assortment of Wines, Spirits and Liqueurs in The Far East.

GARNER, QUELCH & CO.

73 & 73A Szechuen Road.

LOST

Delivery Order for 47 rolls Newsprint Paper ex S.S. "Abercrombie" Marked C1330M Shanghai. Same having been cancelled, the public is warned against negotiating or accepting the document. CHUNG MEI TRADING CORPORATION. 30959

THE TEBONG RUBBER AND TAPIOCA ESTATE, LIMITED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at a Meeting of the Board of Directors of the above Company, held on Tuesday, the 13th July, 1920, it was decided to pay an Interim Dividend of Tael 0.50 per Share on the 30th July, 1920, to Shareholders on record on that date. The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 23rd to the 30th July, 1920, both days inclusive. By Order of the Board, J. A. Wattie and Co. Ltd. Secretaries and General Managers. 30982

VANCOUVER LODGE

Residential Country Hotel. 124 SINZA ROAD. Telephone West 1797. Double and single rooms, hot and cold water service. Garage, spacious garden, tennis courts, croquet lawn. TERMS MODERATE. 37744

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LEARN ANOTHER LANGUAGE. Increase commercial opportunities. Form new acquaintances, add to advantages of travel by learning another language. I.C.S. method with new Edison Phonograph and special textbooks. Interesting, easy, convenient and economical. Practical conversational lessons. No tiresome memorizing of uninteresting rules. Begin conversing with first few lessons. Perfect pronunciation and unlimited practice. You will learn quickly to speak fluently, read understandingly and think logically. We teach French, Spanish and Italian. Also English to Chinese. Write for interesting catalog. Office 15A, International Correspondence Schools, Chinese P. O. Box No. 1. MISS Zoen Yien-wong, pianist of the New England Conservatory of Music, will continue her teaching in the summer. Lessons in piano, harmony and music theory are given at her studio or at the pupils' homes. For terms and particulars, apply to No. 36 Scott Road. 30986

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

TO LET, for immediate occupation, two airy office rooms. Apply to Box 1492, THE CHINA PRESS. 30988 J. 24

TO LET, ground floor offices in central district, containing 630 sq. ft. floor space. Rent Tls. 150 per month. Apply China Realty Co., Ltd. 30982

GODOWN WANTED: American firm requires a fair-sized godown, September occupancy, any district. Apply to Box 1448, THE CHINA PRESS. 30995 J. 23

OFFICES to let near Bund, four very large rooms, immediate occupation. Apply J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road. 30986

METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIES

PHONE OR WRITE TO W. Z. ZEE & SONS (ZUNG LEE & SONS, ESTABLISHED 1895) SHANGHAI

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COPYING PENCILS OF PRE-WAR MANUFACTURE

In 1914 we purchased several hundred gross of these famous pencils and now offer them to you at cut prices. We do not believe you can buy anywhere else in the Far East a copying pencil guaranteed of Pre-War manufacture.

Copying Soft No. 165: \$1.50 per doz.
Copying Hard No. 168: \$1.50 " "
Copying Superfine No. 214: \$1.80 " "

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Phone Central 4778. 22 Nanking Road, Shanghai. Macchaut.

The Prest-O-Lite Battery

offers the most for the money—more power to operate your starter and lights—more service to insure your complete satisfaction in its use. Service Station and Distributor for China

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED, furnished or partly furnished room, by American. No board, down-town location desired. Apply to Box 3, THE CHINA PRESS. 31008 J. 24

BOARD and lodging accommodation with private family desired by educated young American man. Good residential district. Apply to Box 1484, THE CHINA PRESS. 30974 J. 23

UNFURNISHED room, with bath, wanted by Englishman of quiet and steady habits, with or without board. Apply, giving full particulars, to Box 1459, THE CHINA PRESS. 30966 J. 23

WANTED by young married couple, flat in down-town district, must be modern, furnished preferred, and good location; will lease for six months or one year. Apply to Box 1487, THE CHINA PRESS. 30978 J. 23

WANTED by bachelor, furnished or unfurnished flat with all modern conveniences, or two rooms, bedroom and sitting room, with good bathroom attached. Apply to Box 1473, THE CHINA PRESS. 30951 J. 22

WANTED, furnished rooms with board, and modern bathroom attached. Near tram-line. Apply to Box 1442, THE CHINA PRESS. 30981 J. 22

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 16

SITUATIONS WANTED

YOUNG foreigner, with perfect knowledge of French, seeks position in any capacity. Experienced salesman, recently arrived from Japan. Apply to Box 1492, THE CHINA PRESS. 30995 J. 24

SECRETARIAL position, with opportunities for advancement, by American girl, age 35, experience seven years; five years secretary to president of large public utility in America, and eighteen months' service in France. Apply to Box 1498, THE CHINA PRESS. 30999 J. 25

POSITION as nurse or travelling companion to English or American family, by young European lady. Apply to Box 1486, THE CHINA PRESS. 30977 J. 22

CHINESE Electrical Engineer, graduate of University of Illinois, eight years in the United States, one year shop experience, three years as designing engineer with a large electrical manufacturing firm in Pittsburgh, America. Capable of designing power and light plants, machine-shop equipment, cotton mill, mine and all other modern electrical industries. Any good proposition will be entertained. Communications treated as strictly confidential. Apply to Dr. R. A. Parker, 36 Carter Road. 30993 J. 29

ELECTRICAL Engineer seeks permanent position at once. Willing to begin with small salary. A.I. references. Apply to Box 1483, THE CHINA PRESS. 30971 J. 23

FOR SALE: My services and knowledge of my four years' experience in China marketing European products, competent to take charge of territory and produce result. Capable office man, technical knowledge of advertising in all its branches. Firm requiring an experienced energetic salesman. Apply to Box 1482, THE CHINA PRESS. 30968 J. 23

STENOGRAPHER-Secretary: young lady recently from New York, possessing initiative and adaptability, desires position. Apply to Box 1481, THE CHINA PRESS. 30964 J. 23

SWISS, speaking French, German, Polish, Russian, little English and Italian, seeks position as teacher, correspondent, or any capacity. Apply to Box 1490, THE CHINA PRESS. 30985 J. 23

YOUTH, English university graduate, with good practical knowledge of engineering (mechanical and electrical), is open to engagement from September 1st. No objection to outport or interior. Apply to Box 1489, THE CHINA PRESS. 30981 J. 23

YOUNG Chinese, capable of handling complete set of import books, good knowledge of shorthand and typewriting, desires work after office hours. A.I. references. Apply to Box 1471, THE CHINA PRESS. 30946 J. 22

AMERICAN, experienced in export-import, good correspondent in four languages, expert codist, open for immediate engagement. Apply to Box 1469, THE CHINA PRESS. 30942 J. 24

ENERGETIC young foreigner, experienced in import and export, seeks engagement. Capable of handling Chinese staff. Expert stenographer, good knowledge of filing, coding, etc., and thoroughly conversant with general office routine. A.I. references. Apply to Box 1465, THE CHINA PRESS. 30925

YOUNG man, American, age 30 years, who has held executive position for a number of years in the import and export business, in the Far East and America, seeks connection with reliable firm. Capable of taking full charge of business of above-mentioned character and willing to go to Europe or America, or to remain in Far East. Interested firms will please communicate to Box 1461, THE CHINA PRESS. 30917 J. 23

APARTMENTS

Connaught House 8 Quinsan Gardens Board—Residence Apply Mrs. S. POLLOCK.

TO LET with board, August 1st, large, well-furnished room and bath, all modern comforts, tennis, garage and stabling. Apply to Box 1479, THE CHINA PRESS.

FURNISHED room to let, with board, for one month or little longer, in western district. Splendid opportunity, only \$70. Apply to Box 1, THE CHINA PRESS. 31006 J. 24

WELL-furnished rooms, with excellent board, to let, at No. 103 Bubbling Well Road. Phone west 805, or call personally. 30992 J. 27

BOSTONIA, 81 Carter Road, to let, July 24th, one large room with verandah, tennis court, garden. American management. Phone west 883 or Central 975. 30987 J. 23

TO LET, one furnished room, with board, and private bath. Please apply to 25 Carter Road; telephone west 1912. 31001 J. 24

TO LET, on Avenue Road, near Ferry, room with bathroom and verandah attached. Call West 240. 31009 J. 25

FLAT in French-town, pleasantly situated, also two large attic rooms. Apply to Box 1386, THE CHINA PRESS. 30975 J. 21

TO BE LET, from 1st September next, three large rooms with verandah, one small room and lavatory, suitable for offices or club, on ground floor. Centrally situated. Electrical fittings must be taken over. Apply to Box 1477, THE CHINA PRESS. 30994 J. 27

TO LET with board, two large new furnished rooms, with verandahs, and bathrooms with hot and cold water. Suitable for married couple or bachelors. Also one smaller room. Large garden, tennis, etc. Apply No. 30 Yates Road. 30980 J. 22

TO LET, nicely furnished room, with board, bath, hot and cold water, etc., close to business district. Apply No. 49 Bubbling Well Road. 30949 J. 24

FLAT consisting of two rooms, bathroom and large verandah, vacant July 30th, facing South-East. Apply to Mrs. Weinstein, 15 Quinsan Gardens. Phone: North 482. 30989 J. 23

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED from 1st September, four or five-roomed unfurnished house, western district or French concession. Rental about Tael sixty. Apply to Box 1499, THE CHINA PRESS. 31003 J. 23

WANTED by first of October, furnished or unfurnished house in western district or French concession. Modern sanitary conveniences preferred. Apply to Box 1493, THE CHINA PRESS. 30989 J. 23

WANTED, nice, comfortable house, furnished or unfurnished, 10 to 14 rooms, western district or French concession preferred. Would take furniture over, if necessary. Phone Central 3244, or apply to Box 1496, THE CHINA PRESS. 30997

BACHELOR wants to rent small house, furnished or unfurnished; price no objection. Apply to Box 1491, THE CHINA PRESS. 30986 J. 22

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, furnished house from August 1st to November 30th, French concession. Apply to China Realty Co., Ltd. 30976

MATRIMONY

AN Englishman in an outport station, who is lonely would appreciate hearing from an educated lady with a view to matrimony. Full particulars and photo first letter. Please address to Box 1426, THE CHINA PRESS. 30954 J. 23

EXCHANGE AND MORT

FOR SALE, New Scout model, Indian, five h.p. twin motor-cycle. Fully equipped. Owner leaving home. Apply to Box 1494, THE CHINA PRESS. 30990 J. 23

SAILING YACHT, length 23 ft., beam 7 ft., with outboard, detachable aux. motor, all in perfect condition, with new sails, etc. For further particulars, apply to Box 1497, THE CHINA PRESS. 31000 J. 26

FOR SALE, marble soda fountain. Complete with fixtures. Apply to Box 2, THE CHINA PRESS. 31007 J. 24

FOR SALE, Renault two-seater, in good condition, just overhauled. Apply to Box 1500, THE CHINA PRESS. 31006 J. 23

FOR charter or sale, British steamer of over 5,000 tons D/W. Passenger accommodation 1st and steerage. Classed A.I. Bureau Veritas and Lloyd's. Early delivery. For further particulars, apply to Box 1485, THE CHINA PRESS. 30975 J. 21

FOR SALE No. 1A, Remington typewriter, practically new. Owner leaving for America July 31st. See Mr. J. Z. Zee, No. 20 Museum Road. 30973 J. 22

FOR SALE, small Korean pony with harness and harness. Apply to Box 1488, THE CHINA PRESS. 30980 J. 22

FOR SALE, one 14" carriage Underwood, and one Noiseless Typewriter, both in good condition. Also new mahogany roll-top desk, table and chair, American make. Prices reasonable. C. E. Masters, 2nd Floor, 22 Kiang Road. 30959

FOR SALE, motor-car, five passengers, almost new, may be inspected by appointment. Apply to Box 1449, THE CHINA PRESS. 30914

FOR SALE, new ball bearings and housings for same. Suitable for shafting. May be inspected. Best offers accepted. Apply to Box 1445, THE CHINA PRESS. 30897

FOR SALE, police dogs: Shepherd (male), 4 1/2 years, Tls. 100. Alsatians, five months, Tls. 75. Dachshund family. Apply to Box 1470, THE CHINA PRESS. 30943 J. 22

FOR SALE, one Remington rebuilt typewriter, model 10, in perfect condition. Max. \$95. Apply to Box 1475, THE CHINA PRESS. 30954 J. 22

POLICE dog, Doberman Pinscher, for sale. Apply 80 Broadway, Astor House building. 30923 J. 23

MOUTRIE piano for sale. Excellent condition, contract payments uncompleted. Owner leaving Shanghai. Phone evenings North 1890. 30909 J. 22

FOR SALE, International Savings Society's Bonds, one paid up for 24 months, one paid up for 14 months, one paid up for 13 months. What offers? Owner leaving Shanghai. Apply to Box 1443, THE CHINA PRESS. 30889 J. 23

She Had Been Weeping

—and her eyes were tear-stained. "I've lost a ring," she sobbed, and then added in a whisper, "it was my engagement ring." An ad in THE CHINA PRESS Lost and Found Column located the lost ring the next day and then there were smiles instead of tears and a hearty vote of thanks from The Young Man Who Came With Her.

Financial And Commercial News

BENJAMIN AND POTTS
SHARE LIST
Yesterday's Prices

Stock	Quotations
Banks	Closing
H. K. and S. B.	8635 B.
Chartered	240
Marine Insurance	250
China Fire	205 B.
North China	150 B.
Union of Canton	100
Yangtze	9230 B.
Far Eastern Ins.	10 B.
Co., Ltd.	10 B.
Pine Insurance	1128
China Fire	5310 B.
Hongkong Fire	5310 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def.	8250 B.
Indo-China Pref.	818
"Shell" 5% R.D.	132 5/8 R.D.
Shanghai Tug ord.	30
Shanghai Tug pref.	35
Mining	
Kaiping	15 B.
Oriental Cons.	17 1/2
Ramb.	30 B.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	114 B.
Shanghai Dock	137 B.
New Eng. Works	24 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	140
Hongkong Wharf	138 1/2
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	11 B.
China Land	50
Shanghai Land	100 B.
Wahai Land	50 B.
Shai Hotel Ltd.	50 B.
China Realty (pref.)	50
China Realty (ord.)	50
Cotton Mills	
Ewo (ord.)	575
Ewo (pref.)	53
Laon-lung-mow	400
Oriental	100 B.
Shanghai Cotton	47 1/2 B.
Kanyik	47 1/2 B.
Yangtzeppoo	34 1/2 B.
Yangtzeppoo Pref.	85
Industrials	
Butter Ties	25
China Sugar	228 B.
Green Island	735 B.
Langkate	15 1/2 B.
Major Bros	10
S'hai Suetra	92 1/2 B.
Stores	
Hall & Holt	12 1/2
Llewellyn	80
Lane, Crawford	78
Montrie	835
Watson	3.00 B.
Weeks	11
Hubbers (Local)	
Alma	0.5 B.
Amber	0.50
Anglo-Java	8.35 B.
Anglo-Dutch	3.14 B.
Ayer Tawah	20 B.
Batu Anam 1918	0.65 B.
Bukit Toh Alang	1 1/2 B.
Bata	0.65 B.
Chemor United	0.50
Chempedak	0.5
Cheng	1 1/2
Consolidated	2 B.
Domination	5 1/2
Gula Kelumpang	15 1/2 B.
Jaya Consolidated	18 1/2 B.
Kamunting	3.85
Kapala	0.25
Kapayang	10
Karan	7.60
Kota Bahros	3 1/2 B.
Kroewok Java	15 B.
Pokup	8 B.
Pongkalan Durian	2 1/2 B.
Permatia	1 B.
Repah	0.50
Samagaga	0.05 B.
Seetoe	1
Semambu	0.70 B.
Senawang	4 1/2 B.
S'hai Klebang	0.50 B.
Shanghai Malay	10
S'hai Malay pref.	10
Shanghai Pahang	10
Sungai Dur	0.50
Sungai Mangara	0.5 B.
S'hai Kalantan	0.55
S'hai Seremba	0.60
Tanjing	1
Tanah Merah	0.05 B.
Tebong	15 1/2
Ulobri	2 1/2
Zanghe	5 B.
Miscellaneous	
C. L. & E. Lumber	325
Cully Dairy	12
Shanghai Trams	60 B.
Shanghai Gas	14 B.
Horse Bazaar	34
Shanghai Mercury	38
S'hai Telephone	89
S'hai Waterworks	120 B.

Benjamin and Potts, 3 Jinkee Rd.
Telephone No. Central 298

Stock Exchange

Transactions

Shanghai, July 21, 1920.

OFFICIAL

New Eng. Tis. 27.50

Shanghai Dock Tis. 155.00

136.00

137.00

Yangtzeppoo (Ord.) Tis. 37.50

October

UNOFFICIAL

Shanghai Docks Tis. 136.00

Yangtzeppoo (Ord.) Tis. 35.00

Shanghai Docks Tis. 136.00

Yangtzeppoo (Ord.) Tis. 35.00

Shanghai Docks Tis. 136.00

Yangtzeppoo (Ord.) Tis. 35.00

Shanghai Docks Tis. 136.00

Yangtzeppoo (Ord.) Tis. 35.00

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, July 21, 1920.

Exchange and Bullion

Sovereigns buying rate

£ 5/2 = Tis. 3.87

£ exch. 73.4 = Mex. 45.27

Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate

£ 95% = Tis. 1.01

£ exch. 73.4 = Mex. 41.35

Mex. Dollars Market Rate:

73.125

Shanghai Gold Bars: 978 touch

Tis. 242

Bar Silver 998 touch Tis. 131

Copper Cash par tel 191.500

Native Interest Tis. 05

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver 998 touch 52 1/2

Bank Rate of Discount 1 1/2

Ex. Paris on London 7.46.946

Ex. New York on London T.T.

0.53.92 1/2

Exchange Closing Quotations

London T.T. 5/2

London Demand 5/2 1/2

India T.T. 27 1/2

Paris T.T. 12 1/2

Paris Demand 12 1/2

New York T.T. 95 1/2

New York Demand 95 1/2

Hongkong T.T. 72

Hongkong Demand 72

Japan T.T. 5 1/2

Japan Demand 5 1/2

Batavia T.T. 27 1/2

Batavia Demand 27 1/2

Singapore T.T. 4 1/2

Singapore Demand 4 1/2

Bank's Closing Buying Rates

London Demand 5/4

London 4 m/s. Docy. 5/6

London 6 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 8 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 10 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 12 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 14 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 16 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 18 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 20 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 22 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 24 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 26 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 28 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 30 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 32 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 34 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 36 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 38 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 40 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 42 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 44 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 46 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 48 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 50 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 52 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 54 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 56 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 58 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 60 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 62 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 64 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 66 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 68 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 70 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 72 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 74 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 76 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 78 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 80 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 82 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 84 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 86 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 88 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 90 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 92 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 94 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 96 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 98 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

London 100 m/s. Docy. 5/7 1/2

Exchange Shop Rates

Buying: 100 Old Roubles \$140

100 New " 70

Selling: 100 Old " \$150

100 New " 80

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE

RATES FOR JULY

Hk. Tis. 2.52 @ 5/1 1/2 21

" 1 @ 299 1/2 Rs. 3.12

" 1 @ 1223 Fr. 12.62

" 1 @ 100% 0.91

" 1 @ 51 1/2 Yen. 2.16

" 1 @ 150 Mex. \$1.50

" 1 @ " Roubles " "

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PARIS EXCHANGE

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, July 20.—Exchange

quotations:

The China Press

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TRUCK EXCEPT ON MONDAYS
AND HOLIDAYS

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SUNDAY, per Year \$10.00
SUNDAY, per Year \$10.00

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IMPARTIAL & PROGRESSIVE
SHANGHAI, JULY 22, 1920

WEATHER

The depression of the China Sea
divided in the center, the one
on Hainan, the other at the
of the Straits, will raise whole
of the Gulf of Tonkin.
Rough weather on both sides
of Formosa. Fine weather and
monsoon to the North of the
Saddles.

Foreign Interference

FOREIGN military or financial
assistance to either faction in
the present civil war in China is
morally indefensible and should be
sternly disapproved by the
Powers. This is a straight fight
between two Chinese political
factions in which no single foreign
power should be allowed to take a
hand on either side.

Tsukun Tsoo Kun who is the
nominal head of the Chihli group,
and who in that capacity has en-
listed powerful military support
against Field Marshal Tuan and
Little Hsu, alleges that the Italians
and the Japanese are aiding the
Anfu group, and in a strong appeal
to the diplomatic body at Peking
he has set forth what he claims to
be the facts and urged that the
nations concerned be stopped
from further intervention. Tsoo
Kun makes the following charges:

"I am surprised to learn that the
Japanese and Italians are not only
supplying arms and ammunition to
the troops of the Anfu party but
their nationals have also been
assisting in the military operations.
Knowing the sincere desire of all
the friendly nations to promote the
interests of the Chinese people, I
feel it my duty to inform you of
the following reports:

"July 7th. In the night, two field
guns were sent from the Italian
Legation to Lianyun, where Mar-
shal Tuan's troops are stationed.
"July 8th. A train-load of 6,000
rounds of ammunition from
Shanghai was sold by Italians to
Minister Tseng of the Ministry of
Communications arrived at Nan-
yuan.

"July 8th. In the afternoon, 100
shells for big guns, also sold by
Italians, were received at Nan-
yuan, and it is understood that 300 more
will be sent thither in a day or
two.

"During these few days several
Italian aviators are taking active
part in directing the aviation
operations.

"There are many Japanese
officers in the Frontier Defense
forces.

"On July 8th, the Anfu party with
the assistance of Mitsui Bussan
Kaisha secured a loan from the
Japanese merchants of \$1,000,000
and it is reported that certain
German property in Tientsin has
been used as security. Japanese
merchants have assured the Anfu
party that they will supply more
funds whenever needed.

"Wang Tsoo-lung, secretary to
General Ni Shih-chung, Military
Governor of Anhui, called upon the
Japanese Commander at Tientsin
last week. Inquiring his attitude
towards the present situation, the
Commander replied that he had
1,500 soldiers ready in North China.
The minute the Anfu party show
sign of collapse and Peking is in
danger of disturbance he can send
6,000 from Port Arthur to the
Chinese Capital to maintain order
at short notice. Nominally these
Japanese soldiers are to be sent to

Peking in the event of trouble to
accord protection to the Japanese
and other foreigners, but in reality
they are to help the Anfu party.
If the report is true, the Japanese
Commander's conversation can be
constructed as instigating the Anfu
party to create disturbance in the
event of a defeat, in order to give
a pretext to Japan for interfering in
Chinese politics.

"I shall be grateful if the official
representatives of the friendly
Powers will see to it that these
unfriendly activities on the part of
their nationals will cease as other-
wise they may lead to grave inter-
national complications."

In reply to this the Italian
Legation at Peking has issued the
following statement:

"1.—Not a single cartridge, nor a
single aeroplane bomb, nor a single
field gun, nor arms nor ammunition,
in fact nothing beyond what was
stated in the Italian Minister's
letter to His Excellency the Doyen
of the Diplomatic Body (two
trench mortars and 600 shells for
the same) have been handed over
by the Italians. If 6,000 rounds of
ammunition more or less have
been handed over these were cer-
tainly not delivered by Italians.

"2.—The custody of the arms and
ammunition, pending the execu-
tion of the pre-existing condi-
tions, was entrusted to the detach-
ments of the Italian Navy station-
ed in the Province of Chihli, who
had instructions to insure their
safe storage in Peking and else-
where, and their safe delivery only
to the actual purchasers. An order
was given by a responsible person
who, however, had not obtained the
previous consent of the Italian
Minister, and arms were handed
over by the Navy as a matter of
course.

"3.—All necessary measures have
been taken to prevent in future the
delivery of arms and ammunition
in however small quantities with-
out the consent of His Majesty's
Minister, and the persons re-
sponsible will be duly denounced
to His Majesty's Government.

"4.—The Italian nation has no
reason nor any desire to interfere
or to stir up civil war in China,
and His Majesty's Minister is the
first one to condemn any attempt
to infringe on this principle of
strict neutrality for the sake of
financial gain or ephemeral com-
mercial advantages."

It is evident from the Italian
statement that some member or
members of the Anfu government
clique so deceived the Italian
guards of the munitions
involved as to obtain possession
of the same and that the mem-
bers of the Italian navy who
delivered the munitions without
proper order from the Legation
are to be reported to the Italian
Government. The full facts, in
any event, will become known in
due time.

But what is the Japanese Gov-
ernment going to do about the
charges brought by Tsoo Kun?
It has officially notified the
Powers that neither it nor agents
will interfere in the present war.
Tsoo Kun's allegations imply
both official and private inter-
ference. And what are the Powers
going to do? It is urgently
necessary that some understand-
ing be reached along the lines
suggested by Tsoo Kun. The
Powers already have a treaty
covering this matter. Is it an-
other scrap of paper?

Correspondence

FORD CARS IN AMERICA

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS
Dear Sir: I would appreciate it
if you give me the following in-
formation: What percent of auto-
mobiles used in America are Fords?
Thanking you for the above in-
formation, I am, Yours very truly,
B. E. THACKER.

Huachow, Honan, July 18, 1920.
Answer: Sixty percent.

Topics In Brief

Poland is about to institute a
senate. Can't the new republic learn
anything from the mistakes of the
old ones?—*Terré Haute Tribune.*

Germany is reported rushing
preparations for the trial of war
criminals, which may indicate that
the medals will soon be ready.—
Brooklyn Eagle.

It cost Isabella \$7,000 to discover
America, and nobody knows how
much it cost the ex-Kaiser, but in
both instances it was worth the
money.—*St. Louis Post-Dispatch.*



LINES FROM LETTERS

Dear Mutt: Years and years
ago, long before the war began
and even before President Wilson
had thought of the League of
Nations, the City Fathers, who
rule this city, conceived the idea
of building a nice new home for
themselves. They rented rooms
all over the place for the various
branches of their large family
and pulled down the old home.
Then they started to build, oh,
years and years ago. Then the
war began, and years ago, but
they still went on building.
The ratapatties are still pouring
for the rented rooms, but the
building is still being built and
so far the only part that has been
used is a big open space, which
the contractors did not build, and
here the gallant artillery, and the
rest of the S.V.C., race all over
the place preparing for the next
war.

The question has been asked
as to when the building will be
really finished, but no one so far
has been brave enough to state
a date. An American says the
place ought to be finished when
Bryan becomes president. An
Englishman says it ought to be
ready for use when his country
goes dry. John Chinaman
reckons that it will open when
the north and south of China
think alike. A Shanghaier
is sure that it will be ready when
all the roads are really repaired.
One of our lap-dogs barks that
the S.M.C. will inhabit the place
when the young lady of 27 is 12.
As a matter of fact I think the
question will be answered only at
the building's completion. When?
Why when you stop asking fool
questions.—Insect! More later.
Jeff.

NO LIMERICKS TODAY!
The limericks sent in about
the Municipal Buildings either
needed completion or had neither
style nor architecture about
them. Fancy out of the forty odd
received not one of them made
the column. Perhaps those
buildings are as difficult to com-
plete as the limericks. But never
say die. Take the question over
again. Write in any old style.
Use the Goidic you will. Write
the Norman. If it suits you.
Scribble the Early English if you
feel like it. Type the decorated
period should it appeal to you.
Those buildings! I can sym-
pathize. Go to it again. There
is twenty dollars waiting and if
it meets the eye of the poor
bankrupt contractor then let him
try; it might help him to bear
the burden of his losses.

Tomorrow's subject is: The
War in China. Try to make it
serious. It is no joke to the
Chinese people.

A LITTLE QUIANT
You think he's pike—he's not.
You think he's a fairy—you're
wrong.
You think he's a spirit who has
stayed out all night
And got caught in the lilt of a
song.
You think he's a gnome or a
Will-o'-the-wisp.
Then let me inform you he ain't—
He's a dinky delectable
Scarcely detectable
Highly respectable
—Quaint.

PERSONAL: Would the individual
with a handicap of eighteen and
a loud voice, who hacks his way
round Kiangwan reflect that his
golfing adventures do not inter-
est other members to the extent
that he would think.

AND IS EVERYBODY HAPPY?
Cox and Wilson between them
will save America and the rest
of the nations. They are both
agreed on all points so why Mak-
e a fuss about nothing. The whole
state may need Coxing but
Wilson means to do a little
coaching.

NOW WE KNOW
In order to clear up misunder-
standings the Red-tapists have
issued a decree that the war with
Germany came to an end on
January 10.
Now the war is over
And the States are dry
Shadows of the future.
Steal across the sky.

Reds and Whites in Russia
Governments defy
And the war in China
Plutons make die.

BRYAN
His wisdom was convincing, his
logic was complete.
His eloquence was mad'ning and
sweet men from their feet.
The cheers were long and deaf'n-
ing, the crowds were all
afame.

But owner of the great White
House, Bill Bryan ne'er
became.
—M. E.

TENNEY'S PENNIES
Beware, Mr. Chauffeur. The
eyes of the world are upon you
Exceed the limit and a visit to
Tenney and Kwan will relieve
you of all your pennies. Your
feelings will be of the Mixed
variety.

If you are a motor possessor
Let me be your father confessor
Your chauffeur restrains
Or sure he will gain
A fine from that Tenney
—Ancebot.

PROFITTEERING
A farmer not far from Shang-
hai was thus accosted by his
landlord: "John, I am going to
raise your rent." John replied,
"Sir, I am very much obliged to
you, for I cannot raise it myself."
—Stung.

Ohio Presents Two Editors -- By Roger Lewis

(From Collier's)

This is an account not of politics
but of men. The other day I read
an article by a talented political
reporter who, after a half dozen
desultory conversations in the smok-
ing compartment of his Pullman
car as he dashed across the country,
was able to assure his readers that
the sentiment of the country was
undeniably for Leonard Wood.

This sort of divination seems to
me a great and enviable gift. When
I made a similar exploration, all I
discovered was that Lowden's sup-
porters were rooting for Lowden,
that Harding's friends showed a
marked preference for Warren G.
Harding, while down among the
Democrats of Ohio Governor James
M. Cox was a great favorite among
his own followers.

I made this expedition for a
simple enough purpose. There was
no law that I knew anything about
that could prevent me from visiting
some of the presidential possibili-
ties personally, and at least
satisfying myself as to what kind
of men they were. The notion
which I have gained of these men
are necessarily sketchy and im-
pressionistic. They are snapshots
rather than time-exposures, but
they are vivid in my own mind
because I have just returned from
seeing them.

If you prefer something epic
something exhaustive and positive-
ly Boswellian, I will be glad to
forward promptly to you several
bushels of campaign documents
which were shoved upon me by
friends, secretaries, and managers
of the candidates for nomination
when I wasn't looking.

So let me present Senator Warren
G. Harding and Governor James M.
Cox, both of Ohio; both country
newspaper editors, both strongly in-
trenched in the affections of their
native State; one Republican, the
other Democrat, both newspaper
men first and aspirants for political
office second; one admitted by his
friends to be a cautious conserva-
tive, the other called by his enemies
a radical reformer; one with a
marked talent for graceful oratory,
the other a rather blunt man of
action; one bearing the heritage of
Republican beliefs and traditions,
the other with no heritage save
that of his own achievements—one
who looks as a president ought to
look, and the other who acts as a
governor ought to act.

STARTED FROM SCRATCH
However much we may be inclined
to scoff at these old-fashioned con-
ventions of the humble origin and
associations of our prominent men,
we are secretly gratified, I think,
when we find that the convention
have been observed. We like to
know that they did chores around
the farm, split rails, chopped wood,
painted barns, struck down without
a cent in their pockets, and later
were forced into public life only by
the urgent demands of their friends.
It makes their greatness seem less
remote from our own mediocrity,
and encourages the comforting con-
clusion that we have erred only in
our choice of friends, who have not
been urgent in that way.

One who likes to read these
things about possible presidents
may read them about Cox and
Harding, for they are true. Not a
single one of the prescribed activi-
ties did either of them miss. Hard-
ing not only taught country school
and worked his way through the
now extinct college of Iberia in
Ohio, by painting his neighbors'
barns, but worked with a pick and
shovel on the roadbeds of future
railways, and played with con-
siderable distinction in the village
band. When it comes to hitting
town without a cent in his pockets,
he was the easiest thing Harding
did. One familiar with his early
life gets the impression that this
was a distinct hobby of his. He
did it persistently and repeatedly.
He kept journeying away from
Marion and rushing back at the
defenseless village penniless. He
did it when he went with the band
to celebrate the opening of the rail-
road to Chicago and spent all his
money on one meal in a first-class
Chicago restaurant; he did it again
when he journeyed to Cleveland to
hear Lawrence Barrett in Shake-
peare, and so on, until the town
got used to it. In later life he has
more than squared himself by back-
ing and helping out every worthy
business enterprise in Marion that
was short of capital.

He may have a shade the better
of it, but not more, on Cox, in the
observance of these honest tradi-
tions. So little did the career of a
country school-teacher—which seem-
ed to be his destiny if he stuck to
Wayne Township—appeal to Cox
that he ran away from home and
got a job in the printing office of
a newspaper in Middletown, Ohio.
By reporting a train wreck in this
locality, he won the attention of
the Cincinnati Enquirer and was
given a regular job on the staff.
Ten years later, with borrowed
capital, he bought the Dayton
News, which at that time had
very few readers besides the editor
and his wife. By this act, however,
he scored nothing on Harding, who
had already become an expert type-
setter and had borrowed enough
money to buy the Marion Star,
which, being the organ of a much

smaller community, had even fewer
readers than the Dayton News.
All the owners of these newspapers,
and to do so to write all the news,
softest advertisements, make up the
paper, set the type, and deliver it
when it came out of the pressrooms.
The rest of the day they had to
themselves. In his leisure moment,
Harding played the cornet, but
later gave this up for a much more
interesting instrument, on which
he has played with increasing skill
and technique ever since. He
learned to play on audiences. He
discovered that, whenever there
were public meetings in the little
schoolhouse, people were interested
when he spoke. Cox devoted his
spare moments to wide and diligent
reading and educated himself. It
is said by his friends that during
his early public life Cox could not
have repeated the alphabet before
an audience without a prompter to
help him over stage fright.

Cox says of Senator Harding:
"Harding is a man of great per-
sonal charm. Strange as his
convictions may appear to me,
he is perfectly sincere in his
belief that the future welfare of
the country lies in the custodian-
ship of the Republican party
under the policies which he re-
presents. He is of the McKinley
type, brought up on the Old
Guard Republican faith. I
respect his journalistic achieve-
ments, but we stand very far
apart."

Both Cox and Harding have
grown up with their newspapers,
and are primarily newspaper men,
and not politicians. They know
every department of a country
newspaper, and after long years of
adversity, great enough to have dis-
couraged most people, they are the
owners of two of the best news-
papers in the country. The Marion
Star is, of course, a small town
newspaper, while the Dayton
News has grown almost to metro-
politan stature. There have never
been any labor problems in the
newspaper plants of Cox and Har-
ding. There has never been a strike.
In either establishment, the old
employees who started with the
newspaper are still there, and their
loyalty has never swerved, even
during the time when their em-
ployers faced bankruptcy and they
had to live on future prospects,
rather than a weekly pay-roll. Cox
later bought the Springfield News,
whose size, name, and politics
changed in twenty-four hours. Take
away the political future from Cox
or Harding, and you will not have
broken any hearts or robbed them
of anything which they consider
very precious, but take away their
newspapers and you will have taken
away the substance and color from
their lives.

I am afraid that here the parallel
between Cox and Harding ends.
The comparison sharpens into con-
trast. Human nature breaks along
one inevitable line of cleavage,
and the two groups into which it
splits have always been and always
will be distinct and opposite. One
is conformist and the other non-
conformist. One assents and the
other dissents. One believes in the
gospel of things as they are and the
other in the steady pressure of
change and progress. One has its
roots in the past and the other
reaches for the promise of the
future. To use the usual political
terms, one is conservative and the
other progressive. When these dif-
ferent types appear in politics they
seem always to be camouflaged, so
that they may give offense to no
one. The conservative is said by
his friends to be "conservatively
progressive"; the radical is toned
down by his supporters into a
"practical reformer." But the
camouflage peels off readily. No
amount of tactful speechmaking
can cover a difference so essential.
Cox and Harding are, generally
speaking, the two antithetical
types. Cox's natural instinct is
that of the pioneer. Harding is
by nature, association, and training
the pronounced protagonist of
things as they are.

Harding says of Governor Cox:
"I don't know what he thinks
of me, but Cox is a shrewd man,
possessor of great political wis-
dom and has made a very able
Governor of Ohio, whom the
people like and approve. He
has done many things in Ohio.
Cox is smart. He understands
politics. He makes a very im-
pressive speech. I have great
respect for his newspaper
ability."

WHERE CONTRAST BEGINS
If anyone has any doubts about
it, let us examine these men at
closer range. I visited Cox in his
home just outside Dayton, Ohio; I
talked with Harding in the Capitol.
The first interview was more satis-
factory than the second because it
was intimate and uninterrupted,
but even in a single meeting the
contrast between the men rose
sharp and defined.

In Marion, Ohio, the first man I
asked about Harding told me that
he was the best liked man in the
country. When I asked at random
about Cox of the first I met in Day-
ton, he said: "Cox is a fighter.
Many people have reason to hate
him."

The comparison is hardly fair

to Cox, but it indicates a difference
in the character of the two men that
will develop later. I asked Harding
what he thought of Cox, and I
asked Cox what he thought of Har-
ding. The statements are hardly
what one would call revelations of
character, but they give us a start.
This is what Cox had to say of
Harding: "Harding is a man of
great personal charm. Strange as
his convictions may appear to me,
he is perfectly sincere in his belief
that the future welfare of the coun-
try lies in the custodianship of the
Republican party under the policies
which he represents. There is no
manufactured or affected likeness
to McKinley in Harding. He is of
the McKinley type, brought up on
the Old Guard Republican faith and
persistently clinging to it. He is a
skilled and polished orator, and
has a decided gift for phrase and
alliteration. I respect his journal-
istic achievements, but we stand
very far apart."

Harding said of Cox, "I don't
know what he thinks of me, but
Cox is a very shrewd man, possessor
of great political wisdom, and has
made a very able governor of Ohio,
whom the people like and approve.
He has done many things in Ohio.
Cox is smart. He understands
politics. He makes a very im-
pressive speech. I have great respect
for his newspaper ability."

I found James M. Cox, the only
Democrat who has ever been three
times governor of Ohio, in a beau-
tiful home overlooking the Miami
River and the stretch of territory
devastated by the Dayton deluge of
1913. He was sitting at the end of
a long rectangular living room,
flooded with books and frelight.
As I studied this quiet, unassuming,
young-looking man of forty-nine,
it struck me that a man of so many
achievements should have some
quality written in his face, some
quality of bearing, or outward sign
of greatness, which would give the
writer a descriptive foothold. But
all that I could observe was that he
appeared to be a serious-minded
man of a peculiar intensity. He is,
I believe, what one would call
the dynamic sort, but there are no
superficial sparks. He is of medium
build, rather stocky, has dark
brown hair, friendly brown eyes,
and wears glasses.

THE PLACE FOR AN ACE—
It is with a distinct quickening
of the spirit that one writes about
Governor Cox. There are two
reasons for this. One is that you
have the sense of a discoverer.
Cox has not been pre-arranged
and motion-pictured, overorgani-
zed, overadvised, and in general
thrust at the helpless public like a
new breakfast food. As this is
being written, he has not a single
campaign manager or a single press
agent. There is now nothing you
can say about most of the can-
didates that is not stale and weary
repetition. But there is nothing
you can say about Cox that is not
fresh and new.

I said there were two reasons
why one could write with spirit
about Cox. The other is that he is
a downright and decisive character,
and you get a genuine reaction from
meeting him. You come away from
him with the feeling of having had
familiar and stimulating contact
with a positive personality with
positive ideas. He is one of the few
public men I have met who likes
direct questions and direct answers.
For Cox there is no hinterland of
expediency where truth and falsity
merge. There is no neutrality of
thought which paralyzes action.
There is black and white. Cox does
not accept life with reservations.

KEEPS THE BALL IN BOUNDS
When you ask him questions, he
does not stalk up and down the
room like a caged animal looking
for a means of escape. He does not
say, "Of course you must realize
that I am scarcely in a position to
answer that," or "I cannot at this
time commit myself," and so on. He
speaks decisively and to the point,
without pat phrase or platitude,
without verbal streamers of any
sort. He thinks and talks concrete-
ly. He does not toss the subject in
the air and play with it until it
rolls out of bounds. He selects it
carefully, advances it down the
field, and kicks it for a goal.

His philosophy of life, his
economic and industrial theory, is
built from his own experience in a
State which has had as many
troubles during the past decade as
any State in the country. His idea
of how to settle national problems
is based on his experience in
settling State problems in Ohio.

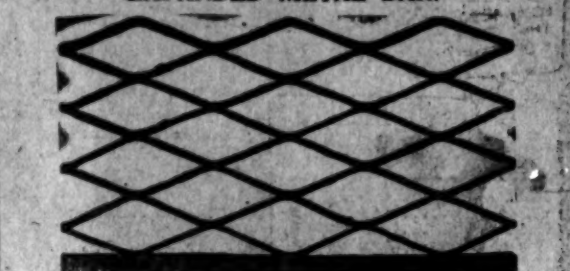
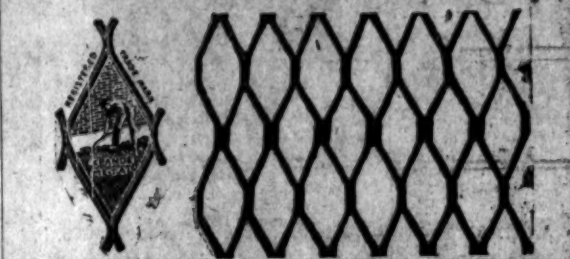
Governor Cox told me that he
did not believe in the possibility of
securing industrial peace with
either dollars or bayonets. Nor
does he think, if the next president
is a man whose campaign has been
financed by a stake which capital
offers for strong-arm methods of
putting down industrial unrest,
that this will augur very well for
the future industrial peace of the
country. On the contrary, a policy
of violent suppression, or the
selection of a man committed
to such a policy who has thereby
already incurred the antagonism of
labor, will, in his opinion, result
in the very eventuality which every-
one is trying to prevent—a violent
industrial upheaval. It will turn
social evolution into revolution.

"How have you settled labor dis-
putes in Ohio?" I asked him.
"By the force of public opinion,"
he answered promptly. "It is the
(Continued on Page 13)

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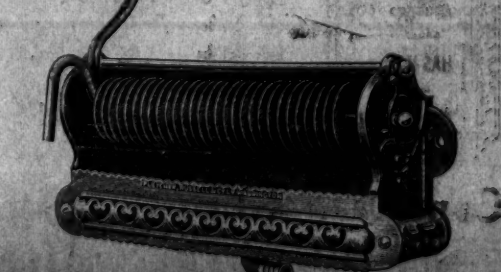
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July 21	Hankow, etc.	Techang Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 21	Hankow	Falun Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 21	Hankow	Tsengshan	Am.	C.I. & E.L. Co.
July 21	Poochow	Ningshin	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
July 21	Japan	Omi Maru	Br.	N.Y.K.
July 21	S. Korea, Cien	Hankow	Br.	T.M. & Co.
July 21	Tientsin	Kwongshing	Br.	J.M. & Co.
July 21	Newchwang	Tongan	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July 21	Trieste, etc.	Pernau	Ital.	Dad. & Co.
July 21	Liverpool, etc.	Tokushima M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 21	Japan	Akita Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 21	Tientsin	Yenoua Maru	Jap.	Ch. H. Shaw
July 21	Tientsin	Store Nordiske	Dan.	G.M.F. Co.
July 21	Tientsin	Tientsin	Br.	B. & S.
July 21	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
July 21	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.N. Co.

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S.S. "JEYPORE" September 3rd

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S.S. "ARRATOON APCAR" August 18th

S.S. "JAPAN" August 25th

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VESSELS IN HARBOR AND AT WOOSUNG

Date	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Dec. 6	Chinwangtao	Indigirka	Rus.	R.V.P.
Jan. 21	Japan	Kiyu Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Mar. 19	Japan	Kiyu Maru	Jap.	Kaiyohs
Mar. 22	Japan	Chienan	Chi.	W. & Co.
May 12	Japan	Natoteu Maru	Jap.	R.V.P.
May 20	Japan	Siniforopel	Jap.	R.V.P.
May 30	Japan	Tosa Maru 10	Jap.	R.V.P.
June 16	Liverpool, etc.	Peking	Br.	B. & S.
June 22	Poochow	Waban	Am.	Adl. Line
June 24	Nanking	Hotoru	Br.	N.S.N. Co.
June 25	Chinwangtao	Godai	Rus.	R.V.P.
June 26	Chinwangtao	Lefai	Br.	B. & S.
June 28	Chinwangtao	Shunehong	Chi.	T.Y.S.S. Co.
July 4	Liverpool	Pyrrhus	Br.	B. & S.
July 7	Hankow, etc.	Kwellee	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July 8	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July 10	Canton	Pingshing	Chi.	Customs
July 12	West Nomentum	West Nomentum	Am.	Adl. Line
July 13	Japan	West Ivan	Am.	A.T. Co.
July 15	Japan	Justin	Am.	B.A.T. Co.
July 16	Japan	Kwellee	Br.	B. & S.
July 17	New York	Wm. Henry Webb	Am.	Adl. Line
July 17	Chinwangtao	Chienan	Jap.	K. M. A.
July 17	London, etc.	Chienan	Br.	G. L. E. A.
July 17	Chinwangtao	Chienan	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
July 17	Tientsin	Chienan	Am.	Adl. Line
July 17	New York	Kekelicut	Am.	Adl. Line
July 18	Japan	Yoshi Maru	Jap.	S.P.S.N. Co.
July 18	Batavia	Artemis	Jap.	A.P. Co.
July 18	Yokohama	Yoro Maru	Jap.	S.P.S.N. Co.
July 19	Hongkong	Kwellee	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July 19	London, etc.	Pyrrhus	Br.	B. & S.
July 19	West Montop	Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.N. Co.
July 19	Hankow, etc.	Hankow	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
July 19	Hankow, etc.	Hankow	Br.	B. & S.
July 19	Hankow, etc.	Hankow	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 19	Hankow, etc.	Hankow	Chi.	N.S.N. Co.
July 19	Hankow, etc.	Hankow	Br.	B. & S.
July 19	Hankow, etc.	Hankow	Am.	S. & Dix
July 19	Hankow, etc.	Hankow	Br.	G. L. E. A.
July 19	Hankow, etc.	Hankow	Br.	J. M. & Co.
July 19	Hankow, etc.	Hankow	Br.	N. K. & Co.
July 19	Hankow, etc.	Hankow	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 19	Hankow, etc.	Hankow	Br.	B. & S.
July 19	Hankow, etc.	Hankow	Jap.	S.M.R. Co.
July 19	Hankow, etc.	Hankow	Br.	M. M. & Co.
July 19	Hankow, etc.	Hankow	Br.	B. & S.
July 19	Hankow, etc.	Hankow	Jap.	K. M. A.
July 19	Hankow, etc.	Hankow	Chi.	Customs
July 19	Hankow, etc.	Hankow	Br.	J. M. & Co.
July 19	Hankow, etc.	Hankow	Jap.	N.Y.K.
July 19	Hankow, etc.	Hankow	Br.	J. M. & Co.
July 19	Hankow, etc.	Hankow	Br.	B. & S.

MEN OF WAR IN PORT

Section	Date	Name	Flag and Rating
Y.T.P.D.W.	June 25	Cockchafer	Br. gun-boat
Y.T.P.D.W.	June 25	Cockchafer	Br. gun-boat
P.N.B.	July 4	Denix	Br. cruiser
B.N.B.	July 4	Kinsha	Br. gun-boat
O.D.W.	June 25	Manila	Br. gun-boat
Schow Creek	Oct. 29	M.A.S. 224	Ital. sub-chaser
Schow Creek	Oct. 29	M.A.S. 227	Ital. sub-chaser
I.C.	May 23	Samar	Am. gun-boat

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Arrivals

Date	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
July 21	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
July 21	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
July 21	London, etc.	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
July 21	Hongkong	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
July 21	Chinwangtao	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
July 21	Japan	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
July 21	Japan	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
July 21	Hankow, etc.	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
July 21	Japan	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
July 21	Pukow	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
July 21	Tientsin, etc.	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.

Shipping Items

The C.M. s.s. Nanking sailed from San Francisco for Hsin Peking, Yokohama, Shanghai and Hongkong on Wednesday, July 14, and is due to arrive at this port on August 9.

The I.C. s.s. Tuckwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Nanking left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Woosung left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Shantung left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Chenan left Tientsin for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The P. and O. s.s. Himalaya, from London, was expected to leave Hongkong for Vladivostok on Sunday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Shantung left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.



AUCTION INDEX

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HOW ESSAD PASHA WASSLAINAT PARIS BY AN ALBANIAN

Young Student Fires Three
Shots At 'Dictator' As Lat-
ter Appears

ASSASSIN IS SEIZED

Tells Police Crime Was Not
Premeditated And That He
Shot On Impulse

BY EDWIN L. JAMES

Paris, June 15.—General Essad Pasha, the Albanian patriot, was murdered at 1 o'clock this afternoon in front of the Hotel Continental, Rue Castiglione. His assassin was an Albanian student named Avneni Rustem.

When the General was shot to death thousands of people were passing near the scene, which is just opposite the Tuilleries Garden. Crowds were leaving near-by restaurants and the streets were filled with automobiles bearing the elite of the French capital to Longchamps to see the races for the Jockey Club Prize, which is the Derby of France.

Essad Pasha, with a woman friend, had just walked from the Continental to get into his automobile to go to Longchamps. A young man stepped from behind a column of the arcade, and, drawing a large revolver from his coat pocket, fired pointblank at the General at a distance of two yards.

The first bullet lodged in Essad Pasha's stomach. He half turned, when the assassin fired again, the bullet entering the heart. A third shot went wild. Essad Pasha fell to the pavement as twenty men rushed upon his assailant. A physician stepped from the crowd and after a moment's examination said the General was dying. The stricken man was borne into the hotel, but was dead before his apartment was reached.

Hundreds of persons saw the murder, and it was with difficulty that the police protected the assassin from a furious crowd. He was rescued only after he had been severely handled.

Taken to a nearby police station, Rustem said he was born in Albania in 1899. He left home last month to come to Paris to study. He said he had passed several weeks in Rome, and reached Paris three days ago.

According to his story, he did not plan to kill Essad Pasha. He said he always carried a revolver, and that he was waiting to meet one of Essad Pasha's secretaries, when he found himself in the presence of the General. Then he said he could not resist the temptation to kill the man he regarded as a tyrant, responsible for his country's plight.

"I do not regret my act," he told the police. The assassination just at this time is regarded here as highly sensational. It is Essad's faction in Albania which is in revolt against the Italians. His presence in Albania had been forbidden by the Italian Government. In work-

ing for the independence of his country he was naturally opposed to Italian claims to Albanian soil.

Essad Pasha had a picturesque history. His full name was Essad Pasha Toptani. Descended from one of the oldest Albanian families, he was possessor of large estates in the vicinity of Tirana.

When Albania was under Turkish sovereignty he entered the Turkish Army and rose rapidly. As a Turkish General, he commanded the Fortress of Scutari in the Balkan War and his defense against the Serbs and Montenegrins was one of the best feats of the Turks during the war.

In the period between the Balkan war and the World War Essad Pasha took the political leadership of his country and succeeded in effecting a good understanding between King Peter and his faction in Albania. The Government of Ismail Kemal Bey, established at Avlona, never succeeded in gaining the support of Essad, whose authority was supreme in Central Albania.

After the resignation of Ismail Kemal, Essad Pasha made peace with Avlona and won a member of a mission which established the Prince of Wied as head of Independent Albania, and when the Prince did not make good Essad Pasha had something to do with his going.

During the World War Essad Pasha fought on the side of the Allies. He aided the Serbs in their tragic retreat before the armies of the Central Powers. He then placed himself at the disposition of the allied command at Saloniki and made several official trips to Paris and London. As a reward for his work the French named him Grand Officer of the Legion of Honor.

In the Autumn of 1918, just before the end of hostilities, he raised a new Albanian force to aid the Allies. During the peace negotiations the Italians succeeded in having him expelled from Albania. He then came to Paris.

Amusements

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On Friday, July 23rd

DOROTHY DALTON

in

"THE PRICE
MARK"

Britain Announces Palestine Policies

Promises Complete Religious
Liberty And Economic De-
velopment Of Country

London, June 13.—The general principles which will be followed by the new administration in Palestine were announced today by Sir Herbert Samuel, High Commissioner for Palestine. Sir Herbert said:

"Complete religious liberty will be maintained in Palestine. Places sacred to the great religions will remain in control of the adherents of those religions. Civilian administration for the country will be established immediately. The higher ranks will consist of British officials of ability and experience. The other ranks will be open to the local population, irrespective of creed. Order will be firmly enforced. The economic development of the country will be actively promoted."

"In accordance with the desire of the Jewish and Associated Powers measures will be adopted to reconstruct the Jewish National Home in Palestine. The yearnings of the Jewish people for 2,000 years, of which the modern Zionist movement is the latest expression, will at last be realized. The steps taken to this end will be consistent with scrupulous respect for the rights

of the present non-Jewish inhabitants.

"The country has room for a larger population than it now contains, and Palestine, properly provided with roads, railways, harbors and electric power, with the soil more highly cultivated, the waste lands reclaimed, forests planted and malaria extirpated, with town and village industries encouraged, can maintain a large additional population not only without hurt but, on the contrary, with much advantage to the present inhabitants."

"Immigration of the character that is needed will be admitted into the country in proportion as its development allows employment to be found. Above all,

educational and spiritual influences will be fostered in the hope that once more there may radiate from the Holy Land the moral forces of service to mankind."

"These are the purposes which under superintendence of the League of Nations, the British Government in the exercise of its mandate for Palestine will endeavor to promote."

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